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NUMBER 5070 — COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO., SUNDAY, DECEMBER 22, 1889 — PRICE FIVE CENTS.

HOUSE COMMITTEES.

Speaker Announces the Full List of House Committees.

Who the Chairmen of the Different Committees Are.

The Personnel of Some of the Most Important Ones.

Men Who Will Investigate the Cincinnati Forgery.

House Committee Chairmen

WASHINGTON, December 21.—The speaker to-day announced committees as follows: Judiciary, Price of Ohio; banking and currency, Bowen of Nebraska; coinage, weights and measures, Conger of Iowa; commerce, Baker of New York; rivers and harbors, Henderson of Illinois; merchant marine and fisheries, J. M. Farquhar of New York; agriculture, Funston of Kansas; foreign affairs, Hitt of Illinois; military affairs, Cutcheon of Michigan; naval affairs, Boutelle of Maine; ways and means, Bingham of Pennsylvania; public lands, Payson of Illinois; Indian affairs, Perkins of Kansas; territories, Stable of Iowa; railways and canals, McCormick of Pennsylvania; mines and mining, Carter of Montana; Pacific railroads, Dalzell of Pennsylvania; pensions, DeLano of New York; reform in the civil service, Lehlbach of New Jersey; irrigation of arid lands, Vandever of California; immigration and naturalization, Owen of Indiana.

In addition to the above are the following previously announced: Elections, Kerr of Illinois; ways and means, McKinley of Ohio; appropriations, Cannon of Illinois; manufactures, Kelley of Pennsylvania.

The most important committees in detail are as follows:

Rivers and harbors—Henderson of Illinois, Governor of Ohio, Hermann of Oregon, Bowden of Virginia, Clark of Missouri, Stephenson of Michigan, Wright of New York, Townsend of Pennsylvania, Niedringhaus of Missouri, Blanchard of Pennsylvania, Catchings of Mississippi, Gibson of Maryland, Steward of Illinois, Lewis of Georgia, and Clark of Indiana.

Ways and means—Dorsey of Nebraska, Cooper of Indiana, Morrill of Kansas, Wilber of New York, Arnold of Rhode Island, Walker of Massachusetts, Wright of Pennsylvania, Evans of Tennessee, Dargan of South Carolina, Covert of New York, Bynum of Indiana, Wike of Illinois and Haynes of Ohio.

Coinage, weights and measures—Conger of Iowa, Wickham of Ohio, Walker of Massachusetts, Carter of Montana, Comstock of Minnesota, Bartine of Nebraska, Knapp of New York, Taylor of Illinois, Bland of Missouri, Tracy of New York, Buckner of Pennsylvania, Wilcox of Connecticut, Williams of Illinois and Joseph of New Mexico.

Pensions—De Lano of New York, Finley of Kentucky, Scull of Pennsylvania, Kaiser of Ohio, Vandeever of Wisconsin, Ranselaer of Massachusetts, Hill of Illinois, Brown of Virginia, Henderson of North Carolina, Martin of Texas, Barwig of Wisconsin, Norton of Missouri, and Pickett of Indiana.

Foreign affairs—Hitt of Illinois, Ketcham of New York, Rockwell of Massachusetts, Morrow of California, Donnell of Minnesota, Thompson of Ohio, Scranton of Pennsylvania, Coleman of Louisiana, McCreary of Kentucky, Hooker of Mississippi, Chipman of Michigan, Fitch of New York and Andrew of Massachusetts.

Public lands—Payson of Illinois, Turner of Kansas, Watson of Pennsylvania, Hall of Minnesota, De Haven of California, Pickler of South Dakota, Townsend of Colorado, Hyman of Indiana, Stone of Missouri, McRae of Arkansas, Stockdale of Mississippi, Quinn of New York, Carey of Wyoming and Lacey of Iowa.

Irrigation of arid lands—Vandever of California, Spooner of Rhode Island, Hansbrough of North Dakota, Pickler of South Dakota, Connell of Nebraska, Wilcox of New York, Hatch of Missouri, Herbert of Alabama, Perry of North Carolina, Lanham of Texas and Curry of New York.

Immigration and naturalization—Owen of Indiana, Brewer of Michigan, Kinsey of New Jersey, De Haven of California, Covert of New York, Cobb of Alabama and Lessington of Maryland.

Public buildings—Dalzell of Pennsylvania, Mason of Illinois, Miles of Connecticut, Gray of Ohio, Moore of New York, Warner of Massachusetts, Flick of Ohio, Crain of Texas, Cooper of Indiana, O'Neil of Massachusetts and Reilly of Pennsylvania.

Revolutionary claims—Carter of Montana, Vandever of California, Grout of Illinois, Hooker of Colorado, Kinsey of Michigan, Stockdale of Maryland, McCord of Wisconsin, Barbour of North Carolina, White of Washington, Reilly of Pennsylvania, Cooper of Florida, Venable of Virginia, Stephenson of Arizona.

The speaker has also announced the appointment of Mason, Cogswell, Hitt and Turner of Georgia, and Wilson of West Virginia, as a committee to investigate the Cincinnati ballot box forgery.

It was impossible to night to obtain the names of the members of the coinage committee, the general make up of which is understood to be strongly

Forty-first Congress

SENATE

WASHINGTON, December 21.—The house joint resolution directing the disposition of certain documents, to the states and territories formerly belonging to Dakota and Montana, was presented and passed.

Bills were introduced and referred by Hoar to establish a court of bankruptcy throughout the United States.

A resolution which was offered by the secretary of the senate calling for the cause of delay in the issue of patents for lands within the Northern Pacific land grant, from all claims and entries at the date of the grant, was read.

A bill to amend the census act so as to limit the maximum pay of marshals instead of $500 was read twice. A letter from Porter, the census supervisor, was read to show the necessity for the compensation now allowed.

Pending action on the bill the senate went into an executive session and when the doors were reopened adjourned.

HOUSE

Bills were introduced and referred as follows: By Bryan, to provide for the appointment of a commission to inquire into the condition of the Indian tribes in the United States; by Cutcheon, to provide for the construction of a bridge across the Mississippi river at Minneapolis; by Hitt, to provide for the payment of the people of Brazil who have lost property by the establishment of the republic of Brazil, and to provide for the adjustment of the claims of citizens of the United States against Brazil

THE GAZETTE.

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THE GAZETTE PRINTING CO.

DAILY—IN ADVANCE.

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Three " $3 00 | One month 1 00

WEEKLY—IN ADVANCE.

Per annum $1 50 | Six " 75
Three " 50

ADVERTISING

[illegible] application to the

JOB WORK.

[illegible] for Plain and Fancy Job Printing equal to that of any establishment west of the Missouri river.

All persons having advertisements in the paper and there due, will please call and have them settled at the office, where they will be properly attended to. We can not hold ourselves responsible for advertisements continuing in the paper unless ordered out at the time given.

No claims are allowed against employees of the GAZETTE to offset any of our accounts.

All advertisements for the WEEKLY GAZETTE must be handed in not later than Thursday.

Advertising agents are not entitled to bills that we do not want any differential from the [illegible]

B. W. STEELE,
Manager of the Gazette.

Joseph Jefferson will tell in the January Century some amusing stories of his early experiences, and will describe the elder Booth as Sir Giles Overreach. He will give a curious account of Sir William Don, the actor; and also his recollections of Julia Dean, James E. Murdoch, Henry Placide, and others. The frontispiece of the January number will be a portrait of Professor James Bryce, the author of the "American Commonwealth." A sketch of Professor Bryce's life will accompany the portrait. The forthcoming number of the magazine will take up the subject of the condition of the Yosemite. In addition to an editorial on the subject, there will appear three "Open Letters" from visitors to the valley.

Mr. Grady at the Boston banquet told the following amusing story to illustrate the improved state of affairs in the south: "I remember the story they tell of a poor old fellow who was buried down [illegible]. They cut his grave right out of the solid granite in a quarry, yet they had to send to Vermont for the little tombstone. He was buried near a wooden, pine box [illegible] from Connecticut, and his friend from New York, who died right about him was the best show-building company in the world. The talk to the [illegible] was brought from Pennsylvania, [illegible] an iron mine was near by. In fact, the stone did not [illegible] but the coffin, and the hole in the ground. But we have [illegible] since then, and now have got the [illegible] quarry in the [illegible] located right on that spot, and within [illegible] yards we have an iron mine. [illegible] are to take our [illegible] upon you by insisting you with our iron, as you did us twenty years ago."

The message that Mr. Grady says the south is preparing to take is the kind of revenge we want to see.

The resolution introduced by Senator Chandler in the senate last week calling on the secretary of the navy for information as to whether organizations not expressly authorized by him exist in the service is creating a good deal of comment. The resolution is aimed at the alleged organized efforts which officers of the naval service have been accused to engage in for the purpose of influencing certain national legislation. Chandler's resolution if adopted may lead to some interesting developments, for it not only asks whether these organizations exist, but if so, what their object is and what officers belong to them; whether such organizations exist or are only one branch of the naval service and are designed to protect and advance the special interests of that branch; whether any of them have been organized for the purpose of influencing congressional legislation; or whether money of any have been paid or contributed for to influence legislation, and whether such organizations are compatible with proper discipline.

The enthusiasm with which the New York Sun opposes ballot reform is not remarkable when taken in connection with that paper's support of David B. Hill. It would hardly look well to advocate ballot reform in one column and Hill in another. It not only would not look well but would be ridiculous. So the Sun boomed Hill and as an accompaniment, singularly appropriate be it said, calls upon democrats to oppose "the new-fangled plan of voting" and in the new fangled plan includes the Australian polling system and all systems based upon it. The democratic principle, the Sun says, is to give the widest freedom to the voter. It might be added that the democratic principle, as the Sun presents it, seems also to include freedom to the corruptionist. The cry that the Australian system deprives honest voters of their rights was one which was used with some force among certain classes by the opponents of ballot reform before the opposite had been proved the case by actual trial. But in the face of successful trials and beneficent results obtained the cry is an empty one. It will not do to sneeringly call the measures for the protection of the ballot "fancy legislation." That is a poor argument. The question is, does it make our elections more honest? And the answer with those who are unprejudiced is, that it does. If the system has weak points they must be strengthened. It is poor logic that the whole should be dropped because a part is not just what it should be.

The Late Charles A. Lansing.

The following is taken from an Albany, N. Y., paper:

At a meeting of the Old Guard of the Albany Zouave cadets, held at the armory Tuesday evening, December 10, 1889, the following memorial was adopted and ordered entered on the minutes:

An association of many years is severed by the hand of death. A friendship founded on a sincere personal regard lives now but in affectionate memories.

The death of our companion, Charles A. Lansing, brings sorrow to all his friends, and fills our hearts with grief. For many years he has been a faithful and devoted member of our organization, and until his health gave way, evinced, by his presence and active interest, an attachment for it, which ended only with his life. His associates in the company he served so well recall him as a faithful and efficient officer, who gave to its service the best years of his life.

He possessed those traits of mind and character which attracted men toward him and attached them to him. All were his friends and all heads are bowed in deepest sorrow. When the mysterious veil which separates us from the future was drawn aside for our comrade to enter its shadowy realm, we bade farewell to a true and noble hearted, manly friend.

We beg the members of his family to accept our earnest and most sincere expressions of sympathy in this dark hour of their sad bereavement.

GEORGE W. GARDNER,
HENRY R. WRIGHT,
JOHN H. REYNOLDS,
Committee.

AMONG THE WRITERS.

Paul du Chaillu will spend the winter in Egypt.

It is said that Emile Zola may soon visit this country.

Walter Besant is writing for "The Independent" a series of papers on social questions.

Captain Andrew Haggard, Rider Haggard's brother, calls his just published novel "Dodo and I."

The title of Mr. Browning's new volume of poems, which Messrs. Smith & Elder lately issued, is "Asolando: Fancies and Facts."

The real name of "Marie Corelli," the author of several successful novels, is Mannie Mackay, and she is the daughter of Dr. Charles Mackay, the writer.

Miss Mary Angela Dickens, a granddaughter of the great novelist, contributes a story entitled "A Social Success" to the Christmas number of All the Year Round.

In his "Battle Fields of '61," Willis J. Abbott has written an extremely spirited book upon a much overwritten subject. He divides the war into three periods: Confederate defense, aggression and defeat.

That unpleasant young man, the Duc de Morny, has been for some time compiling and arranging the memoirs of his father, the first duke of that name. The father was also an unpleasant person, but he had brains.

James Whitcomb Riley is spoken of by the Indianapolis editor of the Peoria Transcript as "the gentleman who travels around with Bill Nye in order to convince people that Nye is not the homeliest man in the world."

Archibald Forbes, the famous war correspondent, who has recently arrived from England, is a distinguished mannered man of military bearing and talks seriously and forcibly, as befits a man who has probably seen more fighting than any one who has never done any.

The Marquis of Lorne's first novelette is in course of publication in England. Its title is "A Canadian Love Story," and its hero is a young Canadian who falls in love with the daughter of an Indian chief. Lord Lorne is now writing a biography of Lord Palmerston.

The concluding volume of Justin Winsor's valuable "Narrative and Critical History of America" will shortly appear from the press of Houghton, Mifflin & Co. It covers the later history of British, Spanish and Portuguese America. A general index accompanies it.

Mr. Edward Bellamy has a brother who is also an author, and who is about to publish a novel to be called "An Experiment in Marriage." Mr. Charles Bellamy is a lawyer who for several years has published "The News," an evening paper in Springfield, Mass.

Marion Crawford has the reputation of being the best paying high class English novelist. Not only are his works widely published in England and America, but he is thoroughly appreciated in France, where one of the literary prizes awarded at the academy was recently given him.

Mrs. Hodgson Burnett has recovered from the effects of her recent accident and has returned to London. It is confidently expected there she will now make an early reply to the serious accusations that have been made against her in the matter of "Little Lord Fauntleroy."

Grant Allen, the novelist, is a tall, delicate looking, clean faced man of democratic ideas, and is not above taking literary advice from uneducated folk. He has views of his own on every other topic, religious, social, political, ethical, psychological, biological, philosophical and literary.

Ludovic Halevy, member of the French Academy and author of many successful books and plays, says that his daughter lamented to him that she had never read a line that he had written; for the parental edict had gone forth to that effect. Moved by her complaints, he set himself to write a story for her especial behoof, and the result was "The Abbe Constantin."

Jules Verne says, in a recent interview, that he regretted not being able to call upon Mr. Edison when the latter was in Paris. "I am an invalid," said he. "I was shot at four years ago by a nephew of mine, a capital fellow, who used to be very fond of me, and to whom I was devoted. Ten minutes after we had met one day he drew a revolver, and, without a word of warning, fired at me twice. He had gone stark mad and is now in an asylum."

The Budget Deficient.

SOFIA, December 20.—In the sobranje yesterday there was a debate on the budget which shows a deficiency of $1,600,000. Stambouloff declared that the actual condition of things and prospects for the future precluded the possibility of any reduction in the military expenditures.

Gasometer Exploded.

ASHVILLE, N. C., December 21.—This morning shortly after daybreak a gasometer of the city gas works exploded, causing its total destruction and of the four men inside of it engaged in making repairs, two were instantly killed and the other two were wounded.

A Fatal Accident.

At 2 o'clock this morning a rumor reached the GAZETTE of a fatal accident that happened near or in Manitou, earlier in the evening. The reports are so vague that nothing can be told with certainty. It seems that a carriage filled with young people from this city was run into or run away with and one of the party, a young man, killed. Miss Alice Baker, daughter of Mr. Seth Baker, was badly injured. Mr. Will Davis, deputy county coroner, left for the scene at 1:30 but he had received no information other than that there had been a death. No particulars had been received up to the hour of going to press.

"Antiope," Kiralfy Bros' latest spectacular production, was the attraction at the opera house last night. The audience was not as large as has been the rule at the opera house of late, although the production was much better than the usual traveling spectacular play. Some of the ballets were very good especially the individual dancing of the premiers. The specialty features were very good, the slack wire performance being the best ever given in this city. Two of the ballet dancers were overcome during the performance by their exertions and the altitude, and the services of physicians were called in.

Emanuel Louis Cartigny of Hyeres is supposed now to be the sole survivor of the battle of Trafalgar. He was a cabin boy on board the French ship "Redoubtable," which carried a crew of 800 men, of whom only 130 survived.

THE FLEETING SHOW.

Gossip Picked Up Here and There—Talk Heard On the Streets.

One of the most notable editions ever gotten out by a newspaper in this country was the one issued by the Post Intelligencer on the morning after the great Seattle conflagration. I ran across a printer one day recently who assisted in setting up the type for that edition on the memorable night of the fire, and from him learned some facts about the event. The flames which so nearly wiped Seattle out of existence broke out about half past two o'clock in the afternoon, and by dark there was little left but a waste of smouldering ruins. The Post Intelligencer office had shared the fate of every other newspaper office in the city. The entire outfit, except in cases of type, had been swept away and these few cases of type, which were only a very small part of what the paper had owned, had only been saved by extraordinary exertions on the part of the employes. As Manager Hunt stood at seven o'clock in the evening viewing the remains of his outfit he was confronted with the problem of how to give to the subscribers their paper the next morning in a form as difficult that no solution seemed possible. Newspaper offices in different cities have frequently been burned out but they have succeeded in issuing the paper as usual through the kindly assistance of some more fortunate contemporary in the same city. But in Seattle this assistance was not to be had. Every other paper was in the same predicament as the Post Intelligencer. The nearest point where assistance could be procured was Tacoma, sixty miles distant. At last an idea struck Hunt and he proceeded to put it to use. An old steamer called the "Fleetwood" was down at the docks and he chartered it. Then he had the ten cases of type carried down on the steamer's deck. By offering big wages he succeeded in employing ten printers. The editorial staff was ordered to be on board the steamer by eight o'clock with all the news they could gather. Soon after 8 o'clock the steamer turned into a floating newspaper office, started for Tacoma. In the cabins sat the editor-in-chief grinding off his usual telling editorials, and the reporters turning out the news of the day by the column. The devil carried the copy from the cabin to the compositors on the deck with the same indifference as if he were in the old dingy, dirty quarters in Seattle. Tacoma was reached between 10 and 11 o'clock, and by that time nearly all the important Seattle news was in type and ready for the press, which was furnished gladly by one of the Tacoma papers as was also the necessary telegraphic news to fill out the four page edition. When the papers came from the press a fast train carried them back to Seattle and, despite the fact that the flames had swept its entire outfit out of existence, at 5 o'clock the next morning the Post Intelligencer was on sale on the streets of the desolate city with "a full account of the big fire and all the telegraphic news." This was true enterprise and it is no wonder the paper boasted of its feat in a double leaded editorial under the flaring head line "We Never Missed an Issue."

***

I made the acquaintance yesterday of a very distinguished cat. The animal is owned by Mrs. Henry Markham, who lately came to this city from New York for her health. The cat's name is "Chester," and he gets it from his former owner, no less illustrious a personage than the late President Arthur. Chester was for several years a great favorite in the Arthur family but when the ex president died in New London, the household was broken up and his feline majesty was obliged to find a new home, which he did with Mrs. Markham, whose constant companion he has been ever since.

ACTIVE REAL ESTATE.

Some Important Sales of Realty Reported Yesterday.

It is a rather singular fact, but none the less true, that for two or three years past the most active period in real estate during the year is in the middle of the winter. For the past two weeks real estate has been more active than at any time in six months, and from yesterday's reports it is apparent, that this year will prove no exception to the rule in the past. For several days past there have been rumors of the sale of the old livery barn property on Pike's Peak avenue, formerly occupied by J. B. Bindley. Yesterday the sale was affected, and Dr. B. F. D. Adams, who owned the property, transfers it to Mr. Dwight Durkee, of St. Louis, father of Mr. C. E. Durkee of this city. The consideration is not made public, but is upwards of $20,000. Mr. Durkee has had an option on the property for some time which expired yesterday at noon. An important feature of the sale is an agreement by the property owners on Tejon street, whose land in the rear adjoins the livery stable, to maintain an alley ten feet wide extending through from Pike's Peak avenue to the alley which runs from Tejon street to Cascade avenue. The best feature of the sale is the fact that instead of the unsightly old building that now occupies the land, a handsome modern structure will take its place. As soon as the plans can be made and other preliminary steps taken, Mr. Durkee will begin the erection of a building to be occupied by Mr. C. E. Durkee's hardware store. The building is to have a frontage of forty four feet and three inches, and a depth of 180 feet, and is to be two stories in height but the walls so constructed that two more stories may be added later. The front will be of red pressed brick with red sand stone trimmings. Mr. Durkee will greatly enlarge his hardware plant when he gets into the new building and will add a line of sporting goods. There is to be as little delay in beginning the construction of the building as possible.

Another important sale made yesterday was the property at the corner of Cascade avenue and Pike's Peak avenue, known as The Antlers annex. The consideration and the names of the purchasers are not made public. It is learned from a reliable source that the object of the company in disposing of this property is to obtain money to improve the hotel proper. It is to be enlarged immediately so as to give fifty additional rooms, and the work is to be pushed to completion in time for next summer's trade. Plans for the improvements have been received from the east, but it was stated at the hotel last night that they had not been decided upon fully.

During the past week there has been a rumor of the sale of the northwest corner at Kiowa street and Nevada avenue, owned by Dr. Coombs. The matter has not been closed up owing to a hitch in the papers but will be in a few days. It is said the purchaser is Mr. J. E. McIntyre, acting for Salt Lake capitalists, and the consideration is being kept a secret.

THE CHURCHES.

Services at the South Congregational church to day at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. In the morning a Christmas sermon and anthem. Sabbath school meets at a quarter to ten o'clock.

The pastor will preach at the First Baptist church at 11 a. m. Sunday school Christmas exercise at 7:30 p. m. Sunday school Christmas evening. Festival at 5:30 o'clock on Tuesday.

Rev. George N. Marden will occupy Rev. Mr. Black's pulpit to day, the latter being in Leadville, where he is to preach the opening discourse at the dedication of a new church to day.

There will be services at the M. E. church south, located at the corner of Weber and Cucharas streets, at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. to-day. The pastor will preach in the morning and Rev. F. E. Lewis of Rockyville, Ky., in the evening.

Services at the First Congregational church at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. The pastor, Rev. James H. Greig will preach both morning and evening. In the morning will be made the annual offering for the work of the new west educational commission whose work is to establish schools among the Mormons in Utah and among the Spanish speaking population in New Mexico. In the evening the theme of discourse will be "Christmas in Art and Song" illustrated by stereopticon views from the most beautiful pictures of the old masters and modern artists having as their subject "The Nativity." Selections from various Christmas hymns will be read from Milton, Whittier, Mrs. Browning, Longfellow, Kingsley, William Morris, etc. The service will be in three parts, opening with the beautiful hymn "It was the Calm and Silent Night," illustrated by six pictures from the stereopticon. Part second will be "The Holy Night," illustrated by seven pictures of Jalabert, White, Corregio, Bouguereau and Vernet. Part third will be "The Mother and the Child," illustrated with pictures by Raphael, Holbein, Murillo, Defregger and Gabriel Max. There will be given a brief address on Mary the Mother of Jesus. The offering in the evening will be in aid of the new organ fund.

LETTER LIST.

List of letters remaining in the post office at Colorado Springs, El Paso county, Colorado, for week ending Dec. 21, 1889.

GENTLEMEN.

One cent due on each.

Ayers, Chas D (2) — McKendall, Geo E
Boyer, Frank — McGregor, William
Bloodgood, Albert — McCleary, C E (2)
Cole, Mr. — McCall, Fred
[illegible] Otto — Nelson, E
Brown, Carl — Nutt, Earl B
Brown, Richard — Osborn, Milo V
Barr, Ed — Page, F M
Bartlett, C A — Parker, F F
Bell, John — Parks, Nathan J
Buckner, Aubrey Wardlaw — Pitts
Cox, Silas, Rifle — Pinnell, Leon L
Clark, J E — Pierce, Bert
Cluff, E — Purdin, France
Cavanaugh, Wm — Pa, & Sons, W H
Catron, Jasper — Parker, C O
Carter, Frederick — Root, Philip H
[illegible] — [illegible] J M
Delfrey, W G L — Royle, Wm B
Delfrey, C H — Rice, Frank
Darr, Charley — Ripley, F W
Ellis, Lloyd C — Rice, C H
Eaton, D P — Rice, Jim
Foster, W W — [illegible]
Grattan, D — [illegible] Chas H
Griffin, Walter — Sherwin, James
Goodwin, Grant — Shedd, E B
Glacklin, James — Shaffer, Eddie
Hinds, J — Schlecle, D P
Howell, James B — Sullivan, J
Hastings, N S — Scott, F G
Hashway, R C — Scott, Charley Pittman
Imler, D H — Smith, J W
Jennings, J D — Smith, Robert
Jones, J W — Taylor, Leonard
Jones, Will C — Thompson, S C
Jones, Richard — Thompson, S M
Kuhn, C H — Williams, Chas
Klauer, K — Ward, John
Logue, Oliver C — Webster, R
Lewis, J H — Walker, Burt O
Lamar, Lert — Wright, Joe
Mabry, B W — Young, Fred B
Metz, Leon — Yarnell, Samuel
Moore, A H
Martin, Willie

LADIES.

One cent due on each.

Bailey, Mrs Robt — Lizzie, Mrs
Cullistrom, Miss Julia — Laughlen, Mrs Cora
Cole, Miss Minnie — Laundy, Mrs W H
Clarke, Miss H P — Monson, Miss Hilton
Carriker, Mrs Mary — Murphy, Mrs —
McMahon, Mrs H H — McCulloch, Miss Maggie
Dyer, Miss — Noble, Miss Mary
Davis, Mrs Annie — Olmsted, Miss Martha
Fry, Mrs Sam — Pierce, Miss Grace H
Foster, Miss Helen — Powers, Mrs Hannah
Finley, Mrs Emma — Reed, Miss Bessie
Fitzgerald, Mrs Julia A — Russell, Mrs J A
Hutchins, Mrs Maggie — Shattuck, Mrs Earl
Hackett, Mrs J L — Sigler, Mrs William
Hall, Mrs Hugh B — Schrader, Mrs Ella
Hoagate, Miss Cora — Saxton, Mrs H E
Jackson, Miss Floria G — Scott, Miss Lizzie
Jones, Miss Sarah — Thompson, Miss Susie K
Johnson, Mrs A F — Trefoe, Miss Lizzie
Jones, Mrs Annie — Taylor, Sallie
Kellogg, Miss Rosita — Thompson, Mrs Maria
Kunkle, Mrs J P — Wilkie, Mrs J W (2)
Kuhn, Miss Lulu — Walker, Miss Annie
Lyons, Mrs Albina — Woods, Miss Hermione S
Lynch, Mrs Frances — Wilcox, Miss Ida L

FOREIGN LETTERS.

Hillo, John — McNulty, Charles
Lane, Mrs J

DEAD LETTERS RETURNED TO WRITER.

Williams, Cora B — Clark, James
Allison, Jennie — Powell, J L

To obtain any of these letters the applicant must call for "advertised letters," and give the date of this list. If not called for within two weeks they will be sent to the dead letter office.

M. W. EVERKEITH, P. M.

AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK.

Cor. 15th and Larimer Sts.
DENVER, COLO.
PAID IN CAPITAL - - $250,000 00
INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.
T. B. POTTER, Pres. J. M. ARMSTRONG, Vice Pres. HOWARD EVANS, Cashier.
m-22-1y

ELECTION NOTICE.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of The Colorado Loan and Mortgage Company, of Colorado Springs, Colo., will be held at the office of the company, on Tuesday, January 7, 1890, for the purpose of electing trustees to serve for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting. Polls will be open from three to five o'clock p. m.

K. B. FIELD,
Secretary.
m-22-11

BISHOP, GORHAM & VAN KLEECK.

Edward F. Bishop, Austin O. Gorham, Henry Van Kleeck, } DENVER, Colorado.

INVESTMENTS AND LOANS.

Money loaned, interest collected, investments made and taken care of, for Eastern investors in Colorado and the west. References—Robert M. Morse, jr., and Edward C. Perkins, Boston; James M. McLean and Amos Cutting, New York and the Banks of Denver. a-20-tf

Merry Christmas!

Issued to all who buy a

Late Improved Singer Sewing Machine

NEW DESIGN IN WOOD WORK.

We are Here to Stay - - 122 S. Tejon.

JOS. BOWER, Agt.

F. G. ROWE,

Real Estate and Insurance,

Money to Loan on Approved Real Estate Security.

No. 17 North Tejon Street.

FOR RENT:

Furnished Rooms.

S. WEBBER ST—6 rooms [illegible] 40
MANITOU—Elegant furnished house with modern improvements [illegible]
KIOWA ST—4 room house 25
COLORADO AVE.—6 room house with bath, partially furnished [illegible]
KIOWA ST—3 room cottage [illegible]
KIOWA ST—5 room cottage [illegible]
N. CASCADE AVE.—Corner furnished house, 9 rooms and bath. Tejon lawn grounds [illegible]
HIGH ST—7 room house [illegible]
N. CASCADE AVE.—6 room house, 12 rooms and bath [illegible]

Furnished Houses.

N. TEJON ST—[illegible]
N. CASCADE AVE.—[illegible] with modern improvements [illegible]

Unfurnished Houses.

WASHINGTON AVE—[illegible]
KIOWA ST—[illegible]
N. NEVADA AVE—[illegible]
N. TEJON ST—[illegible]
N. WEBBER ST—[illegible]

Unfurnished Houses.

WASHBURN AVE—[illegible]
N. WASHBURN AVE—[illegible]
CACHE LA POUDRE—[illegible]
N. CORONA ST—[illegible]
BLUE VALLEY ST—[illegible]
CUCHARAS—[illegible]
S. WASHBURN AVE—6 rooms [illegible]
S. NEVADA AVE—2 rooms [illegible]

MONEY TO LOAN.

The following special sums to loan for from one to five years at 8 per cent:

Two sums, each - - - - $1000
One sum, - - - - - 1800
One sum, - - - - - 3200

FOR SALE.

N. CASCADE AVE—Vacant [illegible] 600
MODERN RESIDENCE—Of five rooms and bath [illegible] steam heat throughout, also hot and cold water and electric lights. Fine location in the heart of the city. [illegible]
N. CASCADE AVE—Vacant corner. 600
N. CASCADE AVE—Beautiful residence with southern exposure, well protected from northerly winds and so located as to get the sunlight from both the east and west. The [illegible] is new and modern in all its appointments. Has twelve rooms, pantry and bath room. Good hot air furnace and fine grates. The grounds are large and have fine lawns set with ornamental trees and shrubs. [illegible]
HOUSE AND LOT—In the northeastern portion of the city for $450. Easy terms of payment. [illegible]
NEW COTTAGE—Of 6 large sunny rooms, large closets and pantry. Down stairs and 3 up in yellow pine. Corner lot 50x140 feet, and within ten minutes walk of the [illegible] center. [illegible]
N. NEVADA AVE—Vacant lot, fronting east. [illegible]
N. TEJON ST—Corner lot, 86 feet front. [illegible]
N. CORONA ST—Pretty 6 room cottage. Full lot. 1400
N. CASCADE AVENUE (CORNER)—A bargain, if sold prior to January 1st. [illegible]
ACREAGE—Tracts of 5 acres about 2½ miles from the city. 675

FIVE PER CENT INTEREST—And easy terms of payment may be had by purchasing a fine lot in Mr. Cole's addition. These lots are on the west side of the D. & R. G. R. R., on the rising ground which slopes gently towards the foot hills. Are easily accessible, be fairly and I offer an unusual chance for a home to secure a home with the money which he would otherwise spend in rent. [illegible]
GRAND VIEW HOTEL—One of the finest hotels since its first beautiful city. The building has been thoroughly refitted throughout, has 65 large rooms, many of which front on the main streets and are very pleasant. It is offered for sale at a price which should pay a good profit on the investment. [illegible]
EASY PAYMENTS—Five lots of 6 rooms and closets in convenient location in Parish's Addition. Improved lot with number of fruit trees. [illegible]
N. WEBBER ST—Vacant lot. [illegible]
CORNER RESIDENCE—On S. Nevada avenue. Houses large and sunny. Two lots with lawn, fruit trees, boarding, etc. 1200
RANCH—On the Fountain, 640 acres deeded, 100 acres under ditch, extra fine meadow alfalfa, good dwelling, good barn, house, [illegible] sheds, etc. Will send stock and farm implements, if desired. [illegible]
RANCH—Fine ranch of 80 acres on the line of the Midland railroad in the Pass. Large cold spring near house, one of the best springs in that section. Plenty of water for stock. Raises hay and crops without irrigation. Will take good horses in exchange in part payment. [illegible]
WEST COLORADO SPRINGS—Four lots on the main street, including a corner lot. Fine location. Will sell all or any part. [illegible]
WEBBER ST—Superior building lot in central location. 300
BUSINESS LOT—On Tejon st. Choice business location. [illegible]
NEVADA AVE—Centrally located property now rented to pay good interest on the investment and so situated that it may grow to be very valuable. [illegible]
N. TEJON ST—A most attractive cottage in the best portion of Tejon street. Well built and artistically finished and decorated throughout. Hard wood finish throughout the house. Four rooms and bath room down stairs, two sleeping rooms and a good room upstairs, also large trunk closet. [illegible]
N. WEBBER ST—Room cottage with bath, rented to pay 12 per cent net on the investment. [illegible]
LA VERGNE—Good lot. [illegible]
MOUNTAIN VIEW ADDITION—A few choice lots on which special [illegible] will be made to parties who will build. Prices range from $250 to $350 for 50 foot lot. [illegible]

Now is the time to secure a home. There is still an opportunity to secure excellent investments in both improved and unimproved property. Parties thinking of buying, selling, renting or loaning money cordially invited to call. Carriage always in attendance to examine property. e1tf

F. G. ROWE, 17 North Tejon St., Opposite Opera House.

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Free -:- Museum

No. 105 Pike's Peak Ave.,

Is filled with Novel and Curious Western Products Suitable for Presents.

I am now receiving Mexican Goods and Indian Curiosities recently purchased by me in Mexico and New Mexico.

My collection this year is larger than ever and prices are very reasonable.

If you have never visited my Museum you will be surprised to find so large an establishment of this kind in a city of only twelve thousand people.

C. E. AIKEN,
PROPRIETOR.

PERKINS BROS.

26 N. Tejon Street,

Have in their Stock

OF

Holiday Goods,

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Successor to WM. LENNON.

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OFFICE ROOM No. 8 E. Bijou street. Telephone 78. Order books at the Hardware stores of G. S. Barnes & Son and W. C. Stark.

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Contractor for Sewers and Waterworks.

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No. 15 S. Tejon St, Ground Floor

SIMEON J. DUNBAR,

REAL ESTATE, NO. 4 N. NEVADA AVE.

Headquarters for the Best Property in the North part of city. For Sale in Edwards' Addition, Just north of North End Addition.

Several blocks of the best residence lots on both sides of Tejon street and Nevada avenue, on line of horse cars, between Columbia and Fontanero streets. All streets 100 feet or 140 feet wide. Corner lots, 50x150 feet; inside lots 50x150. These lots will always be in the best residence part of the city. They are now offered lower than any other residence lots equally well located, and present selling prices must advance on account of rapid improvements, and many first class houses now building and other due residences soon to be built in that vicinity.

Call at office for information and plat.

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Financial Agent. - - - - No. 4 North Nevada Ave.

Door North of Pike's Peak Avenue.

PLUSH AND CLOTH CLOAKS.

Our assortment of Plush and Cloth Cloaks is still good, and we are making such exceedingly low prices it is a grand opportunity to buy one for Christmas.

Black and Colored Silks a complete line at closing prices.

40 pieces fine French Flannels at 55c, former price 75 and 85c.

25 pieces French Dress Goods at 50c, reduced from 85c and $1.00.

Fancy Handkerchief and Glove Boxes, Calendars, Toilet Sets, Linen and Silk Handkerchiefs very cheap.

Foreign Rugs at greatly reduced prices.

GIDDINGS BROTHERS & BENT.

THIS SPACE RESERVED FOR

JOHN LENNOX!

The Furniture Dealer.

REPORT OF THE

First National Bank

OF COLORADO SPRINGS,

AS MADE TO THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY, DECEMBER 11th, 1889.

RESOURCES

Loans and discounts	$[illegible]
Overdrafts	[illegible]
U. S. bonds to secure circulation	[illegible]
Other stocks, bonds and mortgages	[illegible]
Due from approved reserve agents	[illegible]
Due from other national banks	[illegible]
Real estate, furniture and fixtures	[illegible]
Current expenses and taxes paid	[illegible]
Premiums paid	[illegible]
Checks and other cash items	[illegible]
Bills of other banks	[illegible]
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	[illegible]
Specie	[illegible]
Legal tender notes	[illegible]
U. S. certificates of deposit (5% redemption fund)	[illegible]
Total	$[illegible]

LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid in	$100,000 00
Surplus fund	[illegible]
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	[illegible]
National bank notes outstanding	90,000 00
Due to other national banks	[illegible]
Individual deposits subject to check	[illegible]
Demand certificates of deposit	[illegible]
Total	$[illegible]

STATE OF COLORADO, COUNTY OF EL PASO, ss.

I, J. J. HAGERMAN, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. J. HAGERMAN, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this December 16, 1889.

[illegible], Notary Public.

CORRECT—ATTEST:

J. J. HAGERMAN, President.
A. W. SUTTON, Notary Public.
H. P. CROWELL,
E. J. EATON,
CHAS. THURLOW,
} Directors.

Henry LeB. Wills

Real Estate & Insurance

Notary Public AND COMMISSIONER of DEEDS.

MONEY TO LOAN.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED.

[illegible]

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED.

Very complete 6 room house, Colorado avenue, in Westside. Cor. Wahsatch and Bijou streets. Brick, 8 rooms. 414 South Wahsatch, 6 rooms.

FOR SALE—SUBURBAN.

A cottage of seven rooms [illegible] North Tejon street. [illegible] made to a quick buyer. [illegible]

FOR SALE.

I have a long list of properties, improved and otherwise, which I shall be pleased to show, further, desiring to purchase, favor me with a call.

HENRY LeB. WILLS,
No. 19 E. Tejon St., Colo. Springs.
TELEPHONE 44.

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WALTER M. HATCH.
No. 24½ Tejon street, upstairs.

WILLIAM HARRISON.
Office opposite the second building south of the county court house.

LEAT, ABBOT & PRETIS,
Midland Block—Room 30—Pikes Peak Avenue, Colorado Springs, Colo. Money to loan.

J. E. McINTYRE.
Cor. Pikes Peak avenue and Tejon street, Colorado Springs, Colo.

JOHN DEWITT PRATT,
Rooms 1 and 2, Midland Block, Colorado Springs, Colorado. Graduate New York.

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J. RICHARDSON, M. D.
Specialist on diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat. Office opposite Royal Park Hotel, South Park, Colorado.

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DR. W. FOWLER
Rooms in Prescott block, Tejon St., opposite Gold Dust Drug Store.

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W. B. GASKILL,
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Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

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A full line of all articles pertaining to a first class market, at prices [illegible]. Fresh and corned meat a specialty. Fresh game and poultry in season. Orders called for and delivered free of charge in any part of the city.

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Special Sales and Prices From Now Until February 1st, 1890.

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ALL SILKS & DRESS GOODS
— FROM
10 to 20 Per Cent Discount,
In order to Reduce Stock.

See our French Flannels at 45 and 55c. Only a few pieces left of our All Wool Etamines at 25c per yard, regular value 50c per yard. These goods are full 44 inches wide.

50-inch Dress Flannels at 50c per yard.

French Dress Ginghams at 15c, 20c and 25c per yard, to close.

ACKNOWLEDGED by all that we have the finest line of Laces and Embroideries in the city. These will be sold much below their real value.

WHITE GOODS including Nainsooks, French Nainsooks, Jones Cambrics, Fabrics, Lawns and Linings, all marked down to prices that will move them rapidly.

If you want a silk Umbrella, Dress Shirt, Satin Suspenders, Gents' Neckwear or Gents' Half Hose,

Wilbur & Wolf
HAVE THEM IN GREAT VARIETY.

DO NOT FAIL TO ATTEND
The Great Reduction Sale!
OF
CLOAKS AND WRAPS
At Wilbur & Wolf's.
20 to 25 Per Cent. Discount — All New Goods, No Old Styles.

Genuine Bargains in Ladies' and Children's Wool Hosiery.

Our $1.00 Mousquetaire Kid Gloves are going fast. Every pair warranted. Kid Gloves at 85c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75, $2.00, $2.25 and $3.00, of all assortment of Light Shades. Suede Mousquetaires 8, 10 and 12 button.

WILBUR & WOLF
OFFER
SPECIAL PRICES
To buyers of Ladies', Misses' and Children's Knit Underwear in Natural Wool, Scarlet and White.

ALL AT REDUCED PRICES

Ladies' White Aprons just received, at 25c each and upwards. Ladies' Muslin Underwear, all styles and prices.

WILBUR & WOLF, 22 S. Tejon Street.

CARPET DEPARTMENT.

Tapestry Brussels,
Body Brussels,
Moquettes,
Ingrains,
Matings,
Linoleums,
Oil Cloths,
Rugs, Draperies

This Entire Line at Prices Much Lower than Ever Offered in this City or Denver.

Our line of Extra Super two-ply Carpets reduced to 60c per yard. Our special prices in this department will only continue till January 15th.

WILBUR & WOLF, 22 S. Tejon Street.

A GREAT BARGAIN SALE WILL BE OPENED BY WILBUR & WOLF AFTER DECEMBER 22d, 1889.

A SOCIAL PROBLEM.

Marriage of Artistes Discussed by a French Actress.

Jane Hading's Thoughts About a Great Social Problem.

The Wedded Life of Some Noted Men of Genius.

[Copyrighted, 1889, by Theodore Stanton.]

PARIS, December 17.—Should artistes marry? By artistes I mean those who are particularly noted in the art which a man or a woman practices. I use the word in its broadest sense, as including not only poets and novelists, painters, sculptors, and composers, but also actors and actresses, cantatrices and singers, in fact, all those who are skilled in any profession connected with the fine arts or the stage.

Dangers surround the painter and the sculptor on every side. Andrea del Sarte knew this well, if we may credit Alfred de Musset's story of him in Lorenzaccio. The first and greatest peril of all is the loss or degradation of one's talent. Poor Andrea doubtfully remarks that Raphael and Michael Angelo were not married men. His madonnas were his wife; but the others painted better.

All those who minister to the artistic tastes of the world should live a little apart from the world, observing, recording, attempting new things; they should be disinterested. But who can be detached from the ways of the world that has a family to provide for? Rent, household bills, shoes, bonnets, the market, society, and a thousand more ways all have claims on the married artist, whether man or woman.

How, then, pursue the calm ideal? In France in order to make both ends meet, the sculptor must restore old churches, never build them; the painter must turn out pot-boilers by the dozen, and rarely gets an order to ornament the wall of a church or a Paris *mairie*. Then, again, the painter and sculptor need models, and this has too often proved a strain on the domestic happiness.

Among writers, Victor Hugo and Théophile Gautier, Gérard de Nerval, Sainte Beuve, and Baudelaire, may be cited as men of artistic temperament little hampered by matrimony in their work. On the other hand, Milton began writing his famous treatise "On the Doctrine and Discipline of Divorce" before his honeymoon had expired. Poets, you see, live faster than ordinary mortals and do not require so much time to reach a conclusion.

In the case of clever women being married to a dull, heartless class of men, what can be expected but misery on both sides? Such from the method of arranged marriages, frequently occurs in France.

George Sand, the well known novelist, was married when a young, lively, and pretty girl of 17 to a man old enough to be her father—I had almost said grandfather—a retired military officer, entirely devoted to amateur farming. He spent his large fortune he had received with his wife in importing breeds of sheep at magnificent bulls. In George Sand's novel of "Indiana," one of the characters who closely resembled him is thus described: "He was a man with a [illegible] and a terrible eye, an [illegible] master, before whom all trembled, servants, horses and dogs." The heroine, Dudevant, for that was the name endured her uncongenial [illegible] with this man for some years. Two children were born to her, and they [illegible] reconciled her a little to her [illegible] only for a time.

[illegible] early in the year 1828 she was [illegible]. She had left her home determined to seek a happier life elsewhere. [illegible] refuge in the convent where [illegible] educated but soon found [illegible] exchanged one kind of [illegible] for another. Again she took [illegible] next heat of her [illegible] in one of the streets of [illegible] herself by flower [illegible] by writing those novels [illegible] made her name immortal. [illegible] afterwards George Sand engaged in a lawsuit with her husband, [illegible] a separation from him and [illegible] of all her property. She [illegible] her two children [illegible] of their mercenary father [illegible] a good of persons con[illegible] the theatrical profession. It [illegible] you expect a pretty woman to devote every night of her life to pleasing the public on the stage and then have any nerve left for pleasing her husband?

In my opinion marriage and art do not mate with hymen. I counsel great artistes not to marry. To be united with one's art ought to satisfy any man or any woman. The theatre, above all, should take the place of wife or husband.

It is even curious to see how wretchedly, how tragically, sometimes many of the marriages of celebrated artistes have turned out. Take, for instance, some of our best cantatrices as witnesses to the argument. Patti and the Marquis de Caux ended in a scandal, a separation, and a divorce. Nilsson's first husband, M. de Rouzaud, died in a lunatic asylum. Marietta Alboni's first husband, Achille Pepoli, likewise died mad; so did Engalli's husband, M. Alexieff. Giulia Grisi's marriage with M. Gerard de Melcy ended in a separation, after a duel between Melcy and the nephew of Lord Castlereagh.

The only chance of happiness for artistes is for them to marry among themselves. I think, in order to be entirely a star, the would-be star should not marry. A star has her visits to pay, her guests to receive. She no longer belongs to her husband and to her home. Of course marriage is compatible with art in a certain degree, and the healthy joys of family life can only add to it. But under these circumstances one can be an artiste of worth, of talent, but not a star.

There are some happy couples among theatrical people but they are very few indeed. There is Mme. Segond-Weber, wife of M. Segond, who not long ago left the Theatre Francais, she is a marvel, so far as stage life is concerned.

Then there is M. Lafontaine, who gave to the world a rare spectacle last year—the silver wedding of an actor and his wife. She was a foundling. Her husband married her when both were at the Gymnase theatre. The ceremony took place at Versailles, where they reside. Faure again sang for his comrades, as he did at their original wedding, and the tenor Cornelio gave the original "Ave Maria," composed for the occasion by the widow of Prince Leopold of Saxe Coburg. All Paris was present, and a sumptuous entertainment was given afterward in the villa of the bride and groom of twenty-five years. They are both wealthy and highly esteemed.

But these are strange exceptions, and only go to prove the rule I have laid down.

Since the passing of M. Naquet's bill in 1886, the work of putting asunder what the church or the secular authorities have joined has been going on merrily in all classes. In 1887, 4683 divorce suits were instituted, of which 749 were either withdrawn or decided against the applicants. In the succeeding years the number steadily increased, and at the end of the third year 15,382 divorces had been pronounced, being at the rate of 16.5 for every thousand marriages. It appears that forty per cent of the divorces are those of married couples without children.

The department of the Seine, which includes Paris, has furnished one third of all the divorce cases in France during the past three years. The departments of the centre and west of France are those in which there have been the fewest suits, but, for judicial separations, on the other hand, there have been more applications than from other parts elsewhere. This large number may perhaps be partly accounted for by the retrospective character of the law; but it also shows how great a need for reform was necessary in that direction.

Unless she is a star of the theatre or the opera house, the social position of a woman in France, who has been divorced by a decree obtained at her husband's instance, is little better than that of a *femme perdue*. To avoid this she must either lead the life of a recluse, or get into quite a new set of friends and acquaintances. If judgment is given in her favor, she is still very miserably situated, and obliged to be extremely circumspect and austere in her manner of life. Mundane gaiety is forbidden her by social usage. If she gives a soiree, she does not invite young girls lest their mothers should decline to bring them. A *soirée dansante* would be thought too fast for a lady in her husbandless situation. The result is that most ladies, as a rule, marry to divorce and divorce to marry, in order to recover their status in society.

Women in the theatrical profession do not all marry. In not marrying, it happens that the most of them do not live eternally alone without having near them what Voltaire so indulgently called a "friend." When, however, actresses are not married it is, nine times out of ten, because they do not wish to be wedded. I discussed this thorny subject lately with one of our Paris actresses. Very much loved by a worthy gentleman, she could have been led to the altar by him, but she preferred to remain single. As I expressed astonishment at what seemed to me a fault, here is what the actress replied:

It is I who did not wish to marry this gentleman, whom I love and esteem. Whatever may have been my conduct up to the present time, the world would never admit that it had been irreproachable. The familiarity that our profession gives us with all sorts of persons, the liberties which in theatrical life are necessary and which we cannot refuse without appearing ridiculous, make a past record which is open to many unkind remarks that I should not care to have a husband hear. Rich and jealous, either he would suffer a great deal, or end by obliging me to quit a career that I love; poor and confiding, he would pass as being accommodating and dishonest. In the first case I should suffer, and in the second he would be less esteemed in a society that to-day envies him because I love him. And then, our position has terrible temptations! Who can answer for a foolish caprice for the poet to whom we owe our success, or for one of the passionate lovers, as all women at the theatre know, who become the slaves of our glory? I prefer, if I must one day yield, to be forsaken by my "friend" rather than abandoned by my husband.

No; as I say, better remain single, than marry badly; and all artistes, especially those who appear nightly before the footlights, had better not marry at all. If a man and a fashionable painter, for instance, he must, after a hard day's work at his studio, put on his dress coat, and sally out to dinner, and make himself agreeable to princesses and duchesses. If a woman and an actress, after six hours of rehearsal in the daytime and as many hours of hard acting on the boards in the evening, she comes home utterly jaded in body and mind.

Artistes, as a rule, are a nervous, exacting, impressionable set, and it is very difficult to find the right sort of wife or husband for any of them. They must be left free to fight their own battle through life. The artist puts what force and energy he has into his work, and after his labor is over, finds himself left with no will to oppose to the petty importunities of everyday existence. The married lives of the greatest men and women of genius have usually been blunders.

As regards the small fry of literature, art, and the stage, they, of course, having no great genius to spoil, may well marry like their neighbors. In fact, I think, if persons are careful to marry only their social equals, matrimony is very enjoyable, and even an advisable affair.

JANE HADING.

The Home Rule Issue in Canada.

[Philadelphia Times.]

That Canada's contest between church and state which has raged for the past twelve months, could not end merely was a foregone conclusion, but that it should have taken just the course it has is much to be deplored, for as matters now stand the Jesuits may confidently look to be stronger than ever. Sir John A. Macdonald has proved himself a broken reed wherever Protestants call upon him, but a convenient staff for the Jesuits to lean upon. His course has been consistently frigid toward the Protestant element, seeing and thinking he sees political heaves and flukes on the other side. The war between Quebec and Ontario waxes hotter and hotter, and rupture is imminent. The Protestants will call for an amendment to the constitution when the Dominion parliament opens after the holidays declaring the absolute separation of church and state, diminishing the privileges of the Roman Catholic church in Quebec, and decreeing the suppression of the French language as an official medium, as well as providing for separate schools throughout Canada.

This is a brave demand, but one not unlikely to be allowed, especially if accepted as an article of faith by the liberal party. The Roman Catholic church is jealous of its rights, and will demand that the government defend them, and will doubtless find a compliant friend in Premier Macdonald. He did not fail them in the matter of the Jesuit estates, and the fact [illegible] him then is quite as convincing now. There is a bare possibility that this rupture will lead to a larger independence on the part of Canada. This dissatisfaction with England's domination and her agents is a growing one and this may result in a demand for the right to negotiate her own treaties and manage her own affairs. In Manitoba Premier Green way carries on the fight against dual language and separate schools cheered on by the better class of its inhabitants and the press, but the French element is very bitter, and here again Macdonald is expected to side with the Roman Catholic church.

Upon the whole one would say that the Protestants are not in a position to carry the fight into the Dominion parliament as present. It would be attacking the premier in his stronghold. The systematic agitation in the provinces was wisely planned and is being carried on with great dignity. When the movement is solidified it will be the natural thing for the liberals to take it up, and join issue with the Macdonaldites on a question which is destined some day to be settled right.

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CITY HALL
Colorado Springs, Colo.,
From 2 to 5 O'clock - - Afternoons.
From 7 to 9 30 O'clock - Evenings.
Beginning Dec. 24.

Weight ..... 43 1 Pounds.
Age ..... 27 Years.

The Smallest Casket
That Ever Held a Soul.

A Hundred Million People have Seen Her within the past 10 years.

Eight months in Piccadilly Hall, London, Eng.
Six months in Paris.
Four months in Berlin.
Twenty six weeks in New York.
Twenty weeks in Philadelphia.

She has drawn to see her the world over more people than any other attraction that ever lived.

Tom Thumb and all the noted dwarfs of history are giants in comparison.

Her Last Tour of the World!

See Her Now or Never.

Admission : : 25c.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

CASTILIAN JEALOUSY.

What the People in Spain Think of Mr. Blaine's Scheme

The Pan-American Congress Not Regarded with Favor.

Jealousy in Madrid of the United States' Influence.

[Copyrighted, 1889, by The N. Y. Herald.]

MADRID, December 9.—When Spaniards heard of the programme of the Pan-American congress convoked by the government of the United States, they were not a little surprised and displeased. At first their politicians and their newspapers affected to believe that the congress would never take place "because it would not meet with sympathy at the hands of the governments and of public opinion in the Spanish American countries." They fancied that the old Castilian spirit would have been aroused in the Spanish republics at the very mention of a suggestion for modelling their commercial policy upon that of the Anglo Saxon republic.

It struck them as next to impossible that their counsel beyond the Atlantic should feel "anything but strange misgivings and gloomy presentiments for the future of the Latin race in Central and South America, if they consented to any commercial zollverein with their more powerful and more prosperous neighbors of a different race." They "noted it as a matter of course, that truly Spanish suspicions and jealousy must be the first feelings awakened in the breasts of Spanish Americans at the advances of the government of Washington. They laughed at the idea that Mexico above all would dream of making its relations with the United States, when the great republic has for years been pouring capital, mining and railway companies, and colonists of enterprising citizens into the sister republic.

They could not bring themselves to admit that the Central American republics would welcome any commercial alliance with North America so soon after the woful collapse of the Panama canal—a mess of De Lesseps, which Spaniards "had hoped would render the great highway between the Pacific and Atlantic oceans an exclusively Latin enterprise in the teeth of the opposition of the United States and to counteract the influence of that republic in Central America and especially in the West Indies."

They were more sanguine about the probable attitude of the South American republics, which were expected to show "more independence than Mexico or the five Central American states, situate nearer to the Anglo Saxon republic and more liable to be influenced by the Washington government."

But not less, Chili and the Argentine Republic on account of their economical tendencies, and on account of their active commercial relations with Europe, were confidently by many Spaniards as likely to be the resolute opponents of a Pan-American Zollverein.

The Madrid Press and the local journals of the great cities and towns most interested with the trade of the West Indies and with the South and Central American republics of Spanish origin, have kept up since the last summer a running fire of articles and of hostile comments on the plan mooted by the Washington state department. They called from the foreign press, and especially from the Spanish-American papers, every piece of news that was disparaging or pessimistic.

This systematic attempt to prophecy the defeat of United States diplomacy very naturally induced public opinion and the people outside political and press circles to pay very little attention to, and to show very little interest in the questions submitted to the Pan American conference. Indeed it can be safely asserted that most Spaniards were disagreeably surprised when they heard at last that the Spanish-American states had one after the other responded to the invitation of Secretary Blaine, and that their representatives had actually gone to attend the conference. As usual in Spain, the majority of the press found fault at once with their government "for not having used its influence to deter the Spanish-American governments from accepting the advances of the United States." Many papers went so far as to say that the proposition of the United States "would not have found any echo in the Spanish republics, if the government in Madrid had shown proper and sufficient activity in holding out to their ancient colonies inducements tempting enough to make them prefer closer relations, commercial and political, with their common mother country."

In matters of this kind your modern Spaniard has not shaken off his inveterate and ancient habit of looking to the executive, to the centralized and all absorbing government, to take the initiative and to promote the imperial and the individual interests of a people that never dreams of doing anything without state assistance and time-honored official red tapism. In every case, where the relations of Spain with foreign powers and foreign nations are at stake, the first thing ten Spaniards out of twelve do is to pitch into the government of the day for not having done enough and for not riding a high horse, as in the good old days of Charles V and Philip II, when Spain could act in this way with some probability of being listened to.

Not a few Spaniards, on hearing that the Pan-American representation had actually met at Washington, showed more anger against their rulers and their own statesmen than against the United States, because they have such vague and unreal ideas of the world outside their own territories. They do not even suspect that their governments are powerless to achieve what a proud, susceptible and a jealous nation would fain have them attempt, as might have been done, perhaps, in the heyday of Spain's past prosperity three centuries ago!

Then, again, your nineteenth century Spaniard will not resign himself to the fact that his ancient colonies in Central and South America do not regret having broken with the mother country, and cannot believe that, nowadays, with few exceptions, they have closer political, commercial, and even social and literary relations with the United States, and with several European countries, than they have with the Castilian fatherland. Living as modern Spaniards do wrapped in a semi patriotic, semi sentimental day-dream of their great past and proudly fretting against the visible signs of the decay of their colonial and imperial power, they are like the haughty scions of some aristocratic and impoverished house, who decline to admit that younger sons and cousins have sought their ideals and their models in the to them more congenial democratic currents of the day, and have profited thereby greatly. They fail to understand not only the real state of things in the Spanish American republics, but also the actual longings and requirements of their few remaining colonies particularly so in the case of Cuba and Porto Rico. They may some day rather unpleasantly awaken to the sense that this ostrich policy of declining to face problems and difficulties, is not the best way to preserve the little that remains of their colonial empire. If we are to believe what the West Indian home rulers are almost weary of repeating session after session to their colleagues, the senators and deputies, in the Imperial cortes at Madrid.

A Cuban home ruler, Senor Bernardo Portuondo once upon a time a republican of the uncompromising type of Ruiz Zorilla's followers, but now a trimmer of the so called dynastic left of General Lopez Dominguez's little group of politicians who are coquetting with the regency, asked the Spanish secretary of state if his catholic majesty's government was giving sufficient attention to the Pan-Antillean congress. Senor Portuondo thinks that the plans of American diplomacy are fraught with evils and dangers for the commercial and political interests of Spain in America, and particularly so for her relations of every kind with the Spanish and American republics. The West Indian home ruler is equally alarmed at the effects that in time the United States zollverein scheme may have upon the political and commercial connection of Spain with Cuba and Porto Rico, as the colonies might be tempted to join the other Spanish American countries in their pacific league with the Anglo Saxon republic. Portuondo then for announced that he would interpellate the government on this delicate matter, because he deemed it advisable to place all the facts before public opinion in Spain by a great debate in parliament. He equally thinks that it is advisable to elicit from all Spanish statesmen of all shades their opinions upon the Pan American zollverein, and upon the best means to promote closer relations, on the contrary, but some Spanish speaking communities on both sides of the Atlantic.

The minister for foreign affairs, the Marquis de la Vega de Armijo, speaking in the name of the government of Senor Sagasta and the liberal party, stated in prudent and guarded terms, that the cabinet would accept a debate at any convenient opportunity, though it had given its fullest attention to the doings of the Pan American diplomatic congress. What the minister did not think fit to say was that the Madrid foreign office has several times instructed its ministers in Washington to keep the government well posted with information about the debate of the congress, and about the decisions arrived at.

At the same time the Spanish representatives in the capitals of the Hispano-American republics were also instructed to sound the disposition of the governments towards the proposals made by the United States and to report the attitude of public opinion, of the press, of politicians also towards the project of a Pan-American zollverein. The Spanish foreign office wished to be well and thoroughly informed before it took any steps to foment discreetly and from behind the scenes any opposition to the commercial policy of the Washington government to the Spanish-American republics.

Madrid governments do not want to show their cards too openly in this question, because they know that they can hardly afford to pick a quarrel with the United States because of their West Indian colonies, where home rulers and secessionists might give considerable trouble to the mother country if her relations became strained with the great republic. American statesmen need, however, be misled by no official or diplomatic assurances and disclaimers. The commercial union of North, Central and South American states will have in Europe no more decided and unflinching opponent than Spain whether her governments be monarchical or republican.

Nothing would be imagined more radically in contradiction with all the inclinations and aspirations of Spaniards of every rank and station, and of every shade in politics, than the policy which led to the convocation of the Pan-American congress. About six or seven years ago they enthusiastically took up the idea started by some of their literary men "for opening a sort of patriotic campaign in favor of closer bonds of friendship, in favor of closer political ties, and closer connection of material and intellectual interests in future between states that had sprung from a common stock." The greatest statesmen of the old country, republicans and royalists, liberals and conservatives, free thinkers and Catholics, nay, even Carlists and churchmen, united to advocate "the union of Spain and the Spanish American republics in defence of the many interests" that they were still supposed to have in common, and "that could never clash, as the fatherland claimed no longer any supremacy, but only equal rights in this Pan Spanish league." Old popular and national associations, recollections of their great past, religious feelings the traditions of race, faith, historical precedent, their common language and origin, were among the many arguments invoked to arouse the instincts that were held to be only dormant in the hearts and memories of the Spaniards of America, "*los Españoles de allende las mares*," the Spaniards from beyond the seas, to use the words of one of their great poets. In fact, even the name and world wide fame of Emilio Castelar was used as a means of drawing together the Spanish speaking communities in a crusade which everyone in Spain knew to be chiefly animated with the desire to prevent the Hispano American republics from seeking closer relations with the Anglo Saxon republic than with Spain, "*su antigua patria*."

Like all Castilian excitements and patriotic scares, like the wild outburst against Germany and Bismarck in the Caroline islands affair in 1885 like many a similar agitation against Morocco slave, the enthusiasm and demonstrations in favor of commercial political, literary economical union with the Hispano American states, died out and became the exclusive hobby of a few literary men and politicians. The rest of the nation was soon too much absorbed as usual in domestic squabbles and politics to pay any attention to this day dream. Only now and then did they cast a thought on the Spanish republics, when the press bitterly complained of the coquetting of these republics with the United States of their constant ingratitude toward the parent kingdom or of their drawing from the Peninsula too many able-bodied emigrants and hardy peasants that Spain parts with very reluctantly when she sees them leave her shores by tens of thousands for Buenos Ayres, Monte Video, and even Brazil. Still it would be unwise to speculate too much on the inconsistency and lack of spirit that this fitful people show in its intermittent explosions of patriotic and popular aspirations, as nothing is easier for its governments and its politicians than to start an agitation.

There is a fact that American statesmen cannot ignore, viz., "that Spanish republicans and royalist politicians all would sooner see their West Indian colonies and their Spanish American Republics develop their commerce and relations of every sort with European governments and nations than with the United States," and I need hardly add that ministers of conservative and liberal cabinets have often told me so, and republicans have more than once stated the same to be their opinion. Why? Because they are convinced that their connection with Spain will never be so much altered or influenced by other relations of any kind with Europe as would be the case if they become parties to a Pan-American Zollverein of which the teacher "and inspirer would be the Anglo-Saxon republic." This consideration and a vague fear that their West Indian colonies might follow suit are at the bottom of the attitude of Spaniards and of their governments towards the Washington congress. I may add in conclusion that there is always one occasion, in which this otherwise much divided nation at once becomes unanimous—viz: whenever they rightly or wrongfully, as in the present case, believe that the aims of a foreign power threaten what is left of their colonial empire, or the little influence they have preserved over their old colonies now independent commonwealths.

A. E. HOUGHTON,

Madrid correspondent of the Paris Temps and London Standard.

Up and Down.

Youth's Companion.

Mr. Chamberlain said at Birmingham: "A shoemaker or a tailor is almost always a radical, a butcher is almost always a conservative, and a baker is usually a staunch liberal—I hope I may say a liberal unionist. How that happens I do not know." We should say that the old explanation was the true one. A shoemaker is radical because his work leaves his mind free, and he is always speculating on politics and religion, a process which with the ignorant usually ends either in radicalism and skepticism, or in old torytism and fanatic faith. A tailor is a radical because he fancies himself despised, popular speech being full of opprobrium for him; a butcher is a conservative because he is a capitalist, and a baker is a liberal because he sees too much of the misery of the world. It is, however, the last which strikes Mr. Chamberlain as singular, because baking is the most conservative of trades, the processes being as old as the days of the Pharaohs. That is true and will probably remain true to the judgment day, but then, it is also true of all necessary processes. Man is very clever, but he has not invented, and will not invent, a new mode of growing a tree—say, on water, or a scientific method of dispensing with seed, or a manner of cooking without fire, or a way of weaving which does not involve use of warp and woof. Oddly enough, too, he has found no substitute for food, though that would seem, if radical doctrines are true, far the worthiest object of search. All mankind could then strike at once, and assert perfect equality, and be as free of misery and as civilized as Otaheitans when discovered by Cook.

Historic Houses.

Youth's Companion.

Sir Edwin Arnold while in Washington city was told that it was proposed to alter or rebuild the White house. He protested in the name of posterity against any such action, saying that future generations of Americans would wish to look upon the very house in which Jackson and Lincoln had lived and worked. He added that there was danger that a people so young and energetic as the Americans would neglect to preserve the historical buildings associated with their infancy as a nation, which to future generations would be priceless.

The English themselves are not free from reproach in this matter. Many an American, his heart burning with eagerness to see the homes and spots in England which history has made immortal, finds them swept away by the advance of trade or fashion.

"I spent half my time in London," said a recent traveler, "in looking for houses that are no longer there."

This matter concerns even the youngest of our readers. As they grow older let their influence be given to protect all houses and landmarks connected with our early history. It will be needed. We are so close to those historic days that their events appear commonplace to us all. We forget that time, which destroys houses unceasingly, adds enormous values to their associations.

In another century the visitor to our shores will make a pilgrimage to the house where the declaration was written or the spot where Franklin was buried as we do to Westminster Abbey. But will they be able to find either house or grave?

Not a Surprise.

New York Weekly.

Kentucky official. "Madam, I am after your son. He got into a fight in a saloon in our town and killed four men." Mrs. Backwoods. "Well, now, did he really? I s pose the dear boy was sleepy. Ever since he was a little baby he was always sort o' cross when he was sleepy."

A NOTABLE SENATOR.

The Characteristics of Senator McMillan of Michigan.

Rich as Croesus, an Exquisite and a Very Hard Worker.

Some Gossip About Real Estate in the National Capital.

[Special Correspondence.]

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16. Thomas Sanford McMillan, senator from Michigan, is one of the few men in America who have inherited the same title they have worked for. Senator McMillan is known to fame as the father of the Detroit boat club, and as the founder of the Newberry library, which he built and endowed with a princely income. He has three sons, two of them married, and living in Detroit, and the third a student at Harvard. One of the sons acts as his father's railroad builder and superintendent of works. These are very extensive. There is much of importance in such a fortune as this in the state of Michigan that Senator McMillan is rich, and heavily. Some years ago a quarrel of partnership was formed. Mr. McMillan and one of the famous family of Newberry, of Michigan, bring the matter to a final parting.

The two men were together in everything. They bought railroads, built them, furnished them, built cars, shops, street railroads, everything which seemed to promise returns. Both grew rapidly rich. Not were they closer together in business alone. Their families were intimate. They rode, walked, dined together. If McMillan went to New York, Newberry was his companion. If one of the companies they were the leaders spoke to, McMillan would be the president and Newberry treasurer. Of the next one, Newberry would be president and McMillan treasurer. Such fast friendship in business and social intercourse is rare, and it is a fact to record that the two were never severed by quarrel or coldness.

It was one member of this Newberry family who as a young man started a most novel sort of speculation in Detroit. He was heir to some lovable property, but could not come into possession of it till an aunt or some other aged and inconvenient relative should be out of the way. He waited with as much patience as possible for the occurrence of this event, but finally called upon a number of wealthy men, of whom I believe Senator McMillan was one, and said to them, "I am now a young man. I will never be young again, and I want to have a good time while it is possible. I may be obliged to wait twenty years, or thirty, for my fortune; meanwhile I am comparatively poor, but I

AN EXQUISITE BUT A HONEST.

down, and I am wearily waiting. You gave me five dollars a year till I get, if ever, my property that is coming to me, and then you shall have one half of that, whenever it amounts to." The rich men put their heads together and decided that would be a good thing to do. They guaranteed young Newberry the five thousand a year till the death of his aunt, and the young man at once started out to have the good time which he had been pining for. In a few months the aunt died, and after a contest in the courts the coterie of rich speculators to death were awarded with a decision which gave them all that had been paid out in the local area "pile" fortune for each of them.

The senator's second secretary is his political manager, and one of the shrewdest politicians in the state of Michigan. There is nobody of importance in the state that he does not know, no trick in the game of politics with which he is not familiar. That his services are of great value to the senator is attested by the salary which he receives. The senator turns over to him precisely the sum which the United States allows each of its members of congress. The political expert, private secretary is one of the necessary appendages of the rich senator, who is likely to have a contest for reelection. A number of senators like such men and pay them snug salaries. In some cases they are abler men in every way than the senators themselves. A third secretary is employed to attend to Mr. McMillan's clerical correspondence.

McMillan is a man of remarkable capacity for work. You wouldn't judge him that way by taking a look at him as he sits in his seat on the floor of the senate. He appears more like an exquisite, a diplomatist of society, bought him like a man of work, a business man who has forced his way from poverty to affluence, and an executive who directs, and also controls, the affairs of a dozen large corporations. Like many another senator he has a favorite position on the floor, one which he occupies unconsciously. Resting easily and gracefully against one side of the chair, he is fond to take the stiffness out of his special collar, or pick a speck of dust out of perfect clothing, the whole body in a state of relaxation with at least of dignity, he sits by the side of his desk, leaning in the fingers of his right hand a pair of eye glasses, while an elastic pair of gloves hangs from his nose.

With all his work, the senator finds time to ride horseback two or three hours every fine day, and often to drive an hour or so more. He does it for pleasure, with plenty of leisure and appetite. The dinners which he gives are among the richest and pleasantest in town. For many years he has made it a rule to wear a dress coat at dinner seven times a week. Few of our self-made millionaires pay so much heed to the forms of the most polite society. McMillan dresses like an exquisite. The finest that is made of silk and satin and fur is not too fine to touch his skin. The most perfect patent leathers, built by a celebrated Parisian maker, are always to be seen on his feet. Every day he appears in the senate chamber in a white waistcoat, and not one of these coats is worn more than once before being sent back to the laundry. It is said the senator has a greater number of suits of clothes than any other man in Washington. His tailor bill runs above $1,500 a year.

Last winter, when he first appeared in congress, Senator McMillan boarded at the Arlington hotel. There he paid for his keep at the rate of $[illegible] a month, and never suspected that it was a pretty large sum. I doubt if he is doing as cheaply now, though he is home sleeping. Seeing on Vermont avenue last spring a house which pleased him, he asked a real estate man to buy it for him and, like the shrewd business man he is, I am sure he gave the figures which he was prepared to pay in writing. "To him that hath shall be given," appears to apply to rich men, for some but a manor wealth would have had the real estate man go back to buy a house in that manner for still cheaper than he had expected to buy it. Yet that is what Senator McMillan did, and he could now sell the place for at least $2,000 more than it cost him.

Speaking of fortunate real estate speculations in Washington reminds me of a story which I heard the other day about two men who are now dead. Pension Commissioner Black was speaking about Robert G. Ingersoll, his old friend, when he happened to mention Clark Ingersoll, Robert's dead brother, over whose early life eloquent barrister delivered that famous eulogy. "Clark Ingersoll," said Mr. Black, "once owned a nice lot of real estate in Washington. It was a tract of twelve acres, if my memory serves me right, in the northwestern part of the town, around what is now Dupont circle. I believe the Chinese legation now occupied by Mr. Li Fan, Senator Sawyer's new house and Senator Hoar's are all on the ground which Clark Ingersoll once owned. Clark was hardly able to carry the land, which he was convinced would be a good investment if he held long enough, so I in order to keep up the taxes on it, which cost him more than he found it necessary to borrow money. Just at that time I took a fancy that a little money to put out, and he sold to me for $[illegible]. The land was stuck, and it ran along for some time. In great was finally forced to dispose of part of the property, which he did a short time before his death.

"When Senator Conkling heard how big a profit was in it, he at first refused to look at the offer, which had been given to him for a long time, and started for his friend to tell him he had made a present of the property. He was very old and that Conkling begged Ingersoll to accept the offer. He pointed out the wonderful profit he had made, however, and he at last consented to take the money. He died soon after, and I was the only friend at his death. We had saved enough out of the wreck to pay his funeral bills. But it has turned out well for his family. It has grown and grown in value, and now it is worth a million dollars."

Some people complain of the rapidity with which real estate values have grown in Washington. But people forget that the wealthy families are constantly coming to Washington in search of homes. Retired merchants and manufacturers, and men who have made a competence in business, and are ready to spend the evening of life in a congenial city, look upon the capital as an ideal place in which to spend the evening of life. There is much residence in the country such as it used for the business. In another city of the size of Washington is such a large number of fine homes and costly houses.

A rather curious sight with of things happy of Washington as a place of resort for wealthy and indolent people is the colony of rich widows. Washington is full of rich widows, and if there is not an influx of fortune hunters as soon as the social season shall have gotten fairly under way I'll miss my guess. It seems that in almost every other carriage one sees rolling down Massachusetts or Pennsylvania avenue one discovers a lady more or less mature and more or less comely, attired in black. The widows that have a comfortable estate, pleasant society and various attractions for the fortune hunter, which the wife and or widow in question knows that I know of the whole and such a fancy origin in the communities which in their turn the husband grew such that they are glad to get away from church and society and to pastures in which their pedigree is not known to every one they meet. There is now a greater number of widows than ever before, and a society lady said to me, probably in jest, that a proposal then had been made to set apart Saturday as the widows' day for receiving callers, that being the only day left unappropriated by the earl and [illegible] of official society.

The official society of Washington is a very easy one to make headway in. Almost anybody can rub noses with cabinet ministers and senators by simply trying. Scandal hunters are thrown up in front of society here as are to be found promenading, like Chinese walks, the swell circles of Boston and New York. In Washington the official society has a political bias, and of course that is equality for all. Thus many gentlemen ambitious for social distinction are attracted to Washington by the very zeal with which the entree may be secured.

A very good story told by an Illinois member of congress, clearly illustrates the methods of some of the socially aspiring people. A few years ago a gentleman who had grown rich as a dry goods merchant in Chicago, came down to Washington as a retired "capitalist" with social aspirations. He was a gentleman of importance here, and he thought it would be a good idea to advertise it. So he prepared a big dinner and invited all the members of congress from his state to attend.

"I had a very good reason for not wishing to accept the invitation," said the member who was telling the story, "but by a misunderstanding my wife wrote and mailed an acceptance while I was at congress. On my return she told me what she had done, and so I concluded I would make the best of it and attend the dinner. At the appointed hour I was there. The host was very gracious, and the menu was good, and there were flowers and music and everything one could wish for. But during the evening my next neighbor, one of my colleagues in the house, and myself got to talking rather confidentially, and I told him that I had not intended accepting the invitation. He asked why, and I told him that previous to that evening our host and myself had never had the pleasure of meeting. Then I said that he was in the same predicament, and had come out of sheer curiosity. By some sort of Free Masonry we managed to pass the inquiry along the table, and it did not take us long to discover that with one or two exceptions all the guests were as badly deceived in previous personal acquaintance with the host as ourselves. I think that was the queerest dinner I ever attended in Washington."

ROBERT GRAVES.

Life of an Aristocratic Dog.

"Not a great deal is being said at present about the crazy over pet dogs," said a well-known physician of this city to a reporter, "but as a matter of fact I think the tendency to our three pets in the most luxurious style has not at all decreased. The attention those little long haired canines get would be howling to many poor children. Mrs. Senator Palmer, as an instance, a short while ago had a sick pet whose name was Zip. It was discovered that the dog had the rabid fever, and at that, a humane society physician, and the agent for the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals of this city were summoned. Either was refused admittance, the little fellow was held in a warm soft pillow, attended by the nurse, a lady in girl of twenty years, and the troublesome teeth were extracted. When the dog was in his own inconvenience, and needed exercise, and as there was some danger of having him catch a cold, a footman was sent to Pennsylvania avenue to procure a pair of boots for the animal. Accordingly done, so that Zip, booted and covered with a dainty fur lined blanket, took his accustomed daily airing on the arm of the nurse. How was that for an aristocratic dog?—Washington Post.

Death as an Investment.

Collector.

Something less than ten years ago I purchased for a friend who was furnishing a house two water colors by a then not widely known, but very able and original Dutch artist, Maurer by name, for $100 the pair. For years you could buy Maurer's pictures, unframed, of course, at from $50 to $150 apiece here, according to size and quality of finish. Six months ago the artist died. Lately at a local dealer I priced some of his works of the average quality of the past. The charges were from $[illegible] to $500 apiece. "He is dead, you know," said the salesman, in a tone of cheerful consolation, "and can't paint any more." Moral for starving geniuses. Die of hunger and let somebody else enjoy champagne and oysters at the expense of your art. A prominent picture dealer whose fat headed attention I once called to a young painter of great merit said of the deserving character, said: "Yes, he is a talented young man but I can not afford to push him. If he becomes famous he will sell his own pictures and where will my profits come in?" It is in view of this sort and this man was a millionaire from trading in pictures only who gave genius to wear proof of its talents with warm white, they take care of the collector and themselves prime pally themselves.

Right Thinking People.

Youth's Companion.

"Papa," said a boy much given to reading, "I have often seen the phrase 'all right thinking people' in the papers. What kind of people are right thinking people?" "They are the sort of people, and the father who think as we do."

BEHIND THE COUNTERS

Something About the Shop Girls of New York City.

The Long Hours, Small Pay and Very Slow Promotion.

Trials and Tribulations of an Interesting Class.

[Special Correspondence.]

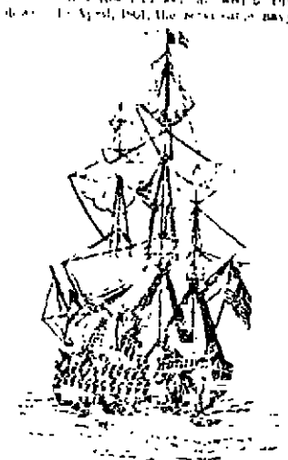
NEW YORK, Dec. 20. The average New York shop girl is well dressed, [illegible] in a tasteful manner, [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

THE NAVY OF THE PAST

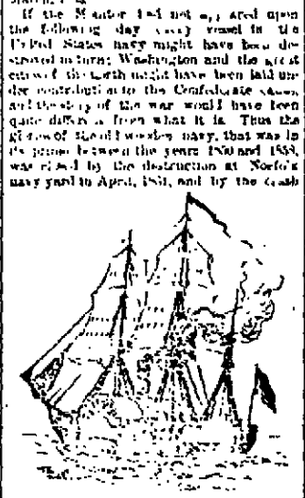
Uncle Sam's Wooden War Ships that Sailed a Century Ago.

Gallant Frigates that Upheld Our Honor in Years Past.

"Old Ironsides" and Other Vessels of the Revolution.



THE SHIP OF THE LINE VERMONT



THE SUSQUEHANNA

Real Estate Transfers.

Real estate transfers reported by F. G. Bowe for the week ending December 18, 1889.

CITY PROPERTY.

Geo. W. Thorne et al. to Alice P. Christopher, 50x190 ft blk 214 ..... $ 1

Peter C. Wynne to Jesse Williamson, lt 2 blk 24 1

Mrs. Anna W. McDermith to M. S. Richardson, lt 3 blk 123 1

A. L. Lawton to W. S. Stratton, lt 9 Lawton's 2nd sub of pts of blk 249 and 240, add. 1 940

Geo. E. Merrill to Thomas G. Wardman, et al, s hf lt 3 blk 201, add 1 1

A. L. Lawton to Anna Oscar, lt 17 Lawton's 2nd sub of pts blk 249 600

John Jones to William H. Goshen, lts 7 and 8 blk G, Edwards add

Mary A. Wills to William H. Brooks, sw qr of nw qr, nw qr of sw qr and e hf of sw qr, sec 31, tp 12 s, r 67 w 1500

L. O. de Pourtales to Laura de Pourtales, s hf ne qr and e hf se qr sec 13, tp 12 s, r 71 w 1

Horace L. Goodsell to Isaac Cahn, lt 22 blk 1, Cahn's add 2 400

Thomas J. Fitzgerald to Charles E. Aiken, lt 6 blk 24, Parrish's add

Mary W. Pastorius to John Jones, lt 6 blk 1, W. Bluffs add 1

Verner Z. Reed to William B. Edwards, lt 24, Reeds subd of lts 1, 2, 3, 4, 13 & 14 of blk 322 add 1 475

William S. Mott to Minna Knapp, Card 1

William H. Goshen to A. M. Bipley, lt 24 blk 1, Goshen's subd of blk 252 add No. 1 275

Elizabeth Brown to Goldsmith P. Robinson, et al, w 10½ ft, lt 12, blk 72 900

Jane Houston to Elizabeth Brown, lt 12, blk 72 300

Robert Wright to Isaac Brown, lots A, B, blk 141

William A. Otis to Helen Evans, Watkins, hf lot 4 of lt 4, blk 241, add 1 1

E. M. Taylor to George R. Carpenter, lt 21 blk 1 Pike's Peak 1

William Pitser to Peter McCarty, et al, s w lt 8 add 1 1

Peter McCarty to Henry to John R. Price 1

George W. Searles to William H. Taylor, lts 1, 2, 3, 13, 14 1

Lots 300 and lots 1, 2, 3, 4 Cole's addition, w add 1

Edward Tipton to William H. Fraser, et al, blk 201 Searles add 1

Colo. C. M. McKee to Lucretia V. Phelps, lt 9 blk 6 1

Sale of pt lots 22 to 27 1

C. F. Wentworth to Ann Young, lt 9 blk 6 Wentworth add No. 1 1

George W. Searles to Ed. Dana, et al, s hf lots 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 blk 201 Searles add 1

Martha K. Kennedy to Mary Barber, lt 3 blk 1 Beckler Heights add 1

W. W. Alton to Mary J. Houston, w 20 ft lt 12 blk 75 1

MONUMENT CITY ADDITION.

Rowe, Tour et al to Land Co. to Chas. L. Hall, lts 42 and 43 blk B 1

WEST COLORADO SPRINGS.

Colorado Springs Real Estate company to James V. Smith, lt 16, blk 105, add No. 1 450

Gilbert F. Wentworth to Paul Freeman, lt 8, blk 61 700

LA VERNE.

Kate Boyle to E. Helmer, lt 22, blk B 1

COLORADO CITY.

Mary J. Stumps to Hattie A. Courter, lts 29, 30, 31 and 32, blk 110, Stump's add 4000

Robt. R. Young et al to D. L. Sterling, lt 19, blk 186 1

Rachel N. Harvey to Samuel Rice, lt 7 and e 3 ft lt 6, blk 184 3700

Anthony Bott to Mary E. Faulkner, lt 25, blk 250, Bott's add No. 2 200

Anthony Bott to Trustees School District No. 1, lt 15 in the subd of blk 256 1

George Christ et al to Charles Adams, lt 4, blk 183 1

Sarah D. Alexander to Agnes McCabe, lt 1, blk 183 5500

Benj. Schwandler to Lewis B. Coates et al, lt 2, blk 184 1

GRAND VIEW.

William A. Love to School District No. 1, 5001 off rear end lts 12, 13, and 14, blk D, in Owen, Love and Quinley's add 1

MANITOU.

Sarah J. Allen to John Hulbert, et al, pt lt 17 blk D 4000

John Beswick to John H. Knobel, lt 14 blk B, Hulbert and Ehrich's sub of lts 1 to 41 blk B 550

GREEN MOUNTAIN FALLS.

Chas. Sprague to I. J. Woodward, lt 7 blk 11, lt 7 blk 15, also hf lot lt 11 blk 15, all in add 1 1

Green Mountain Falls Town and Improvement Company to Geo. Howard, lt 37 blk 1 1

MANITOU PARK.

William Fernsworth to William H. Laugel, w hf lt 4 blk 11, Stein's add 100

CASCADE.

George D. Cook to O. M. Ladd, lts 19 and 20 blk 2 1200

MONUMENT.

Anna Dustin to Henrietta E. Ford, 18x132 ft lt 16 blk 2 920

GLEN PARK.

Geo. C. Norris to H. H. Gilmore, lt 1, 5, 16 blk 2, lts 1, 6, 7, 15 blk 3; lt 11 blk 6; lts 8 and 22 blk 7; lt 6 blk 8, lts 1, 2, 10 and 14 blk 9, lts 13, 14, 21 blk 10; lts 8 and 19 blk 11; lts 8 and 12 blk 15; lt 11 blk 16; lt 1 blk 18, lts 1 and 2 blk 22; lts 7 and 11 blk 23, lts 3, 4, 34 and 38 blk 24; lts 10 and 17 blk 25, lts 4 and 14 blk 26; lt 8 blk 27; lts 9, 16 and 26 blk 28; lt 9 blk 29, lt 5 blk 31, lts 4, 8, 15 and 24 blk 32, lts 3 and 15 blk 33, lts 4, 10, 19 and 29 blk 34; lts 6, 21 and 29 blk 35; lts 6 and 18 blk 36, lt 11 blk 37; lt 4 blk 39; lts 1, 5 and 14 blk 40; lts 10, 12, 29 and 32 blk 41; lts 6 and 16 blk 42; lts 12, 23 and 38 blk 43, lts 5 and 11 blk 44, lts 11 blk 45; lts 1, 13, 24 and 29 blk 46; lts 8 and 22 blk 47; lts 3 and 16 blk 49 1900

PALMER LAKE.

Palmer Lake Town Co. to Mrs. Marietta Vaugh, lt 56 blk C, Palmer Lake amended filing 200

Palmer Lake Town Co. to P. J. Flynn, lts 28 and 29 blk 32 Palmer Lake amended filing 400

FALCON.

The Falcon Land and Town company to J. P. McMillen, lt 13, blk 10, and lt 11, blk 20 110

ISMAIL.

El Paso Land and Water company to J. R. Truex, lt 22, blk 36, add No. 1 10

FOUNTAIN.

David F. White to William Windsor et al, lts 7 and 8, blk 24, Reed's add 70

COUNTRY.

Hymon Z. Salomon to James E. McIntyre, 1 20 int n hf sec 9 tp 14, s r 66 w 1

Eliza H. Cook to Augustus R. Kieffer, 1 3 int n w qr of n e qr sec tp 13, s r 65 w, 6th p m 320

Matilda Cross to Hannah Maria Johnson, s e qr of n e qr sec 8 tp 11, s r 60 w 200

Hyman Z. Salomon to Benjamin F. Crowell, 1 20 int n hf sec 9 tp 14, s r 66 w 1

Ayman Z. Salomon to Frank White, 1 20 int n hf sec 9 tp 14 s r 66 w 1

William S. Mott to Minna Knapp Card, s hf s w qr sec 34 tp 13, s r 67 w, 80 acres e hf of n w qr & w hf n e qr sec 26 tp 13, s r 67 w, 160 acres 5

United States to Jesse Umstead, sw qr of se qr, sec 27, tp 16 s, r 67 w, patent 1

Frederick L. Martin, et al, to the Grand View Addition Company n hf sec 9, tp 14 s, r 66 w 1

Benjamin F. Crowell to same, 1 20 int n hf sec 9, tp 14 s, r 66 w 1

James E. McIntyre to same, 1-20 int n hf sec 9, tp 14 s, r 66 w 1

Hyman Z. Salomon to same, 2 40 int n hf sec 9, tp 14 s, r 66 w 1

Frank White to same, 1 20 int n hf sec 9, tp 14 s, r 66 w 1

Matthew Kennedy to same, 1 40 int n hf sec 9, tp 14 s, r 66 w 1

John Campbell to same, 1 20 int n hf sec 9, tp 14 s, r 66 w 1

Asahel Sutton to same, 1 40 int n hf sec 9, tp 14 s, r 66 w 1

William A. Otis to same, 1 20 int n hf sec 9 tp 14 s r 66 w 1

Irene Frisson to M. L. De Courcy, sec 19 w of n hf sec 30, tp 14 s, r 65 w, s hf sec qr and se qr of sw qr of sec 22, also sec 23, 24 and 26 and n hf sec 25 and s hf sec d ne qr and e hf and nw qr sec 27, n hf sec 34 n hf sec 35 also about 4 1-3 acres in w hf of ne qr sec 33, and e hf ne qr sec 33, all in tp 14 s, r 66 w, in all about 4,600 acres with lime 23600

High Stakes.

Mrs. Hillough: "The paper says there were two men killed yesterday in Colorado by falling over a bluff." Mr. Hillough (absently): "Great Scott! I wonder what the ante was."

J. HAGERMAN, President. J. A. HAYES, Cashier. A. CUSHING, Vice President.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.

CAPITAL $100,000
SURPLUS 50,000

DIRECTORS:
J. HAGERMAN, A. CUSHING, J. A. HAYES, J. B. CHAFFEE, A. A. MCCULLOUGH, D. R. ROBINSON, D. R. THOMAS, H. T. SUTHERLAND.

The Finest Thing

FOR A

Christmas Present

IS——

A HANDSOME PHAETON,

FROM

Welles & Shields

Holiday Goods.

An Immense Stock Just Received.

NEW GOODS.

My store will be OPEN EVENINGS now until after Christmas.

I wish to call your Special Attention to my stock of Linen Damask Table Covers and Napkins to match, both white and colored. Also an elegant line of White Dotted Swiss Batiste and Mignon Cloth Doylies.

Linen Hemstitched Pillow Shams,
Stamped Linen Boudoir Sets.
Imported Felt Handkerchief Cases,
Persian Table Covers and Tidies,
Headquarters for Handkerchiefs,
White Aprons,
Muslin Underwear,
Silk Umbrellas.

Large Stock Carpets, Linoleums and Rugs.

N. O. JOHNSON, - - 24 PIKE'S PEAK AVE.

The Largest Stock

OF

English Saddles, English Bridles, Bits, Spurs, Crops, Riding and Driving Whips West of Chicago.

Largest Stock Horse Blankets and Carriage Robes West of Chicago. Finest Coach, Carriage and Buggy Harness ever Shown in this City.

Finest Harness Ever Made in Colorado.

All the Above Goods will be Sold at Prices Which Defy Competition.

Ladies' and Gents' Saddles Made to Order.

Largest Stock Trunks, Valises, Etc., West of Chicago at Bottom Prices.

Don't Fail to See my Large Stock of Leather Goods Suitable for Holiday Presents.

H. T. O'BRIEN,

18 and 20 Pike's Peak Ave. Telephone No. 75

THOSE WHO ARE UNDECIDED AS TO

SUITABLE CHRISTMAS GIFTS

Will find in looking over our ETCHINGS something at once appropriate and beautiful. We have them at prices ranging from $3 to $100.00 each.

Aside from this our stock of

Gift Books, Booklets,
Lap Tablets, Pocket Books,
Dolls, Christmas Cards,
Toilet cases, Novelties

In fact everything and at Lowest Prices.

Consolidated Stationery Co.

No. 11 South Tejon Street.

J. C. KING & CO.,

DEALERS IN

FANCY, IMPORTED AND STAPLE GROCERIES.

A SPECIALTY MADE OF FANCY GOODS.

TELEPHONE No. 83. NO. 111 N. TEJON STREET.

For Holiday Trade Conant & Comp'y

We have just received a full line of Plate's Cooked Clams the finest in the world. Everything in Canned Goods and Vegetables.

Card & Dillingham's Celebrated Endive Vinegar.

Chase & Sanborn's Coffee not equalled in flavor.

A Fine Stock of Choice Teas. Fine French Candies, Fruits and Cigars, Fine Confectionery, Nuts, etc.

CONANT & COMPANY,

OPERA HOUSE BLOCK - - NO. 22 NORTH TEJON STREET.

Colorado Mountain Sage COMPOUND.

Colorado Mountain Sage Compound.

Mountain, Typhoid and Bilious Fevers, Ague, Malaria.

LENNE & CO., Pioneer Chemical Works, Colorado Springs, Colo.

FOR SALE BY F. E. ROBINSON and DUNCAN BELL.

COAL.

MAITLAND LUMP
MAITLAND NUT
FRANCEVILLE LUMP.

We are prepared to quote special prices on winter supply.

Forward us what you want for your for ease in the rush of your business will be and thanking you.

Mail and for prices and the kind you

Union Ice & Coal Co. 128 West Vermijo st. Telephone 31.

DO YOU WANY A NEW PIANO

We unhesitatingly pronounce the

Ivers & Pond PIANO

the finest and most reliable in the world. Five newly patented inventions used in these pianos only.

Call at our store and examine the new Soft Stop which saves pianos from wear while practicing and makes tone instantly flute to all outside of room. A wonderful invention.

C. E. AIKEN,
305 Pike's Peak Ave., Colorado Sp'gs, Col.

ESTABLISHED 1873.

El Paso County BANK.

CAPITAL PAID IN $100,000
SURPLUS 8,000

Draws drafts on the principal cities of the United States and Europe.

WM. S. JACKSON, CASHIER.
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DIRECTORS: W. S. Jackson, C. D. Wood, J. H. Darlow, J. A. Mitchell, Geo. Foster, Jr., Geo. Foster, Sr.

Enterprise Market House

WILCOX & CO., PROP'S.

Corner Tejon and Colorado Streets.

DEALERS IN

Fresh and Salt Meats, Game, Poultry, Fish, Oysters, Etc.

Full Line of Groceries and Provisions.

Meat and Groceries Delivered Free to All Parts of the City.

TELEPHONE 30. 36.

Cor. Cascilla and Tejon Sts.

"DEPOT HOTEL,"

ADJOINING THE

Colorado Midland Depot.

Meals on the Block Table and Lunch Counter at all hours. Stop in at the DEPOT HOTEL.

Rooms for Transients, $1 per day and upwards.

Rates $2 per day and upwards.

F. CLARK, - Prop.

PEASE & BARBER,

ARCHITECTS.

Rooms 33, 34, 35, Pike's Peak Ave.

Through Car Service Fast.

The Wabash Route is the only short line running a through Buffet Sleeper to St. Louis without change. Direct connections made in Union Depots with all lines. Try this route to St. Louis and you will take no other. Same rates as other lines for Chicago, Kansas City, Toledo and points East.

GILLIS BROS. & WALSH.

Manufacturers of

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS and MOULDINGS

Wood Turning, Mantels and all kinds of Planing Mill Work. Stair Work a Specialty.

CORNER TEJON AND SAHWATCH.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.

In the matter of the estate of Walter B. Pease, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that on Monday, the 20th day of December, A. D. 1889, being one of the regular days of the November term of the County Court of El Paso, county, in the state of Colorado, I, Henry Lee Wills, administrator with the will annexed of said estate, will appear before the judge of said court, present my final settlement as such administrator with the will annexed of said estate, pay the appointees of the same, and will then apply to the said court to be discharged as such administrator with the will annexed, which time and place are appointed for the hearing of said settlement and of all objections thereto, if any there be.

Dated at Colorado Springs, Colorado, November 16, 1889.

HENRY LEE WILLS,
Administrator with the will annexed of the estate of Walter B. Pease, Deceased.

THE COLORADO SPRINGS AND MANITOU STREET RAILWAY COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that by order of the Board of Directors a meeting of the stockholders of the Colorado Springs and Manitou Street Railway Company, will be held at the West Pike's Peak station, corner Tejon and Colorado streets, in Colorado Springs, Colorado, on Monday, December 30th, 1889, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the purpose of voting upon the question of increasing the capital stock of said company from $100,000 to $200,000, and to transact such other business as may come before the meeting. A. VAN VORHES, Jr., Secretary.

Dated Nov. 29th, 1889.

REMEMBER THIS: OUR SUCCESS IN THE HARDWARE BUSINESS

We intend to continue to keep the large stock we have now in the Hardware, Tin and Wooden Ware, and CARPENTERS' TOOLS.

Base Burners, Open Grates and Cook Stoves.

Wm. Scott & Co.,

121 S. Tejon St.

DON'T PAY RENT.

We are selling our Installment lots very rapidly, and many men who have paid out hundreds of dollars for rent are now applying the money toward paying for their own homes. To buy on installments is good policy, even if the property did not advance, for it enables the buyer to save his money, but there is a steady and sure advance in value on every foot of property in this city. The best installment lots on our list at present are as follows:

New 7 room house on Rio Grande just west of Tejon, for $800. Terms $10 cash and $10 per month.

Nice furnished house, pantry, closet, cellar, stable, water, on 50 x 142 ft. lot, fairest in the city. Terms $10 cash and $25 per month. We take some good lots in trade for this.

New house of 3 rooms, closet, cellar, 50 foot lot, on Huerfano for $600. Terms $150 cash and $25 per month. A bargain.

Two 25 foot lots, fence, 4 room house, for $750. Terms $75 cash and $15 per month.

New house of 4 rooms, 2 closets, lot 100 x 142, cellar, water in house and yard, outbuildings, etc., corner of Huerfano and Tejon for $1,250. Terms $150 cash and $25 per month. This a bargain.

REED BROS.,
Installment Real Estate Dealers,
Over 20 South Tejon.

No Firm in the West

Can show a more complete line of Boys' Clothing than ours. We quote a few figures:

Boys' Short Pant Suits	$2.00 to	$15 00
Boys' Long Pant Suits	5.00 to	25 00
Boys' Flannel Shirts	1 25 to	2.50
Boys' Jersey Suits	4.00 to	10.00
Boys' Knit Suits	3.00 to	10.00

BOYS' OVERCOATS,
$4.00 to $15.00.
Children's Capes from $3.00 to $10.00

These goods are of the best material, strongly made, of a variety of styles, and very nobby.

OUR OTHER DEPARTMENTS.

Such as Men's Clothing, Hats and Caps, Gents' Furnishings, Hats and Caps,

Are stocked with the finest lot of goods to be obtained in the markets of the east, and our prices are so reasonable that every one will be satisfied. Catalogue, samples and prices sent free on application.

Skinner Bros. & Wright,

16th & Lawrence Sts. Denver, Colo.

DRINK LION COFFEE

A TRUE COMBINATION OF Mocha, Java and Rio

A WONDERFUL SOUVENIR Picture Card Given WITH EVERY POUND PACKAGE OF LION COFFEE

When you buy Your Groceries try a package LION COFFEE. It is the best in the United States, made up from a mixture of Mocha, Java and Rio, properly blended and is relished by all to make the nicest cup of Coffee in the land. For Sale Everywhere.

Woolson Spice Co., Manf'rs, Kansas City, Mo. Toledo, O.

DR. C. W. ENOS,

OCULIST and AURIST

Eyes Carefully Tested for Glasses.

Eye and Ear Infirmary!

Full stock of Artificial Eyes.

Parlors 2, 3, 4 and 5, cor. 10th & Curtis Sts., Jefferson Block.

JOSEPH DOZIER,

Contractor and Builder.

SHOP ON PIKE'S PEAK AVE.

W. H. D. MERRILL,

103 N. TEJON ST.

Practical Plumber & Contractor

FOR STEAM HEATING

GEORGE SLEEMAN,

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER

Jobbing Promptly Attended To.

316 E. PIKE'S PEAK AVE.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES

DENVER & RIO GRANDE RAILROAD

TRAINS GOING NORTH AND WEST.

No. 1. Pacific Express, for Salt Lake and California leaves 11.55 a. m.

No. 3. Pueblo and Denver accommodation leaves 4.45 p. m.

No. 11. Kansas City and St. Louis Express leaves 4.15 p. m.

No. 9. Leadville and Durango Express leaves 2.15 a. m.

No. 5. Leadville Express, leaves 11.25 p. m.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

No. 4. From Oregon, Ascend and Leadville leaves 9.50 a. m.

No. 8. From Trinidad and Durango, leaves at 1.30 p. m.

No. 10. From St. Louis and Kansas City to Denver, leaves at 12.30 a. m.

No. 2. From California and Salt Lake to Denver, leaves 3.05 p. m.

No. 6. From Pueblo to Denver, leaves 9.15 a. m.

Tickets for sale to all points at the office located in the Land No. 2 Pike's Peak avenue. Parties can select their own seats.

Baggage checked to destination. Pullman Palace cars are attached to night trains. Horton Reclining Chair cars on day trains. Observation cars on daylight trains through the Royal Gorge to the Grand Canon. Sundays only.

For full information call on or address,

J. M. PETTISON, Agent.

COLORADO SPRINGS & MANITOU R. R.

WESTWARD.		EASTWARD.	
Leave	7.45 a. m.	Arrive	7.30 a. m.
"	9.15 a. m.	"	9.00 a. m.
"	11.35 a. m.	"	10.10 a. m.
"	2.00 p. m.	"	1.40 p. m.
"	3.15 p. m.	"	3.05 p. m.
"	5.05 p. m.	"	4.25 p. m.
"	8.00 p. m.	"	6.40 p. m.

DENVER, TEXAS & FT. WORTH.

No. 26 Denver Express ..... 7.00 p. m.

SOUTH BOUND.

No. 24 Fort Worth Express ..... 11.25 a. m.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

No. 23 Arrive from Denver ..... 12.25 p. m.

No. 25 Arrive from Denver ..... 3.35 p. m.

Through tickets to New York via New Orleans and Cromwell Steamship line, and via Galveston and Morgan's Steamship line.

Baggage checked to destination of ticket.

Steamship tickets for sale to or from Europe.

C. F. SEAR, G. A.

GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE.

No. 19 Leaves for Denver ..... 7.50 a. m.

No. 15 ..... 7.30 p. m.

No. 17 Leaves for the east ..... 9.00 a. m.

No. 16 Leaves for the east ..... 7.30 p. m.

No. 18 Leaves for the east ..... 7.45 a. m.

No. 13 Arrives from Chicago ..... 7.15 a. m.

No. 15 Express arrives from Chicago ..... 6.55 p. m.

Nos. 13 and 15 are solid vestibule trains between Chicago and Colorado Springs. City office, 102 South Tejon. Depot ticket office on east side of Tejon, north of Pike's Peak avenue. W. W. WOOD, Ticket and Pass. Agt.

ATCHISON, TOPEKA & SANTA FE R. R.

	Arrive.	Depart.
No. 4	6.05 p. m.	6.40 p. m.
No. 2	1.25 a. m.	1.50 a. m.
No. 96, from Ft. Madison	10 a. m.	
No. 5, Denver Express	2.35 a. m.	2.40 a. m.
No. 21, Colo. Express	3.00 a. m.	3.05 a. m.
No. 95, to Ft. Madison		8.15 a. m.

Train No. 6 runs as follows: Leave Colorado Springs for Kansas City and Ft. Madison at 1.45 p. m. Tickets at the depot or at the city office, 104 S. Tejon.

C. C. HOLT, A. G. F. A.

OTHER LINES.

Arrive from Denver, Kansas City and Chicago ..... 2.00 a. m.

Arrive from Pueblo, Kansas City and Chicago ..... 2.00 a. m.

Leave for Denver ..... 2.00 a. m.

Suburban train will run as follows: Leave Colorado Springs at 6.00 a. m. Arrive at Colorado Springs at 5.30 p. m.

C. C. HOLT, A. G. F. A.

A. T. & S. F. R. R.

Arrive		Depart
2.00 a. m. and 9.05 a. m.	Fast Mail, New York, Boston, St. Louis, Kansas City, Chicago, Old and New Mexico, Pacific Coast points	2.10 p. m. and 1.05 a. m.

C. K. & NEBRASKA (C. R. I. & P.)

Arrive		Depart
7.15 a. m. and 7.05 p. m.	Local to points on the line of Rock Island and all east of Missouri River	7.30 a. m. 7.30 p. m.

ROCKY FORD BULLETIN.

D. & R. G.

Arrive		Depart
2.00 p. m.	Denver and points north	6.00 a. m.
1.30 p. m.	Pueblo and points south	3.00 p. m.
6.45 a. m.	Leadville and points west	12.05 a. m.
11.00 a. m.	Ft. Worth and points south, Kansas City, St. Louis, Chicago, New York and points east, Salt Lake, San Francisco, Los Angeles and points west, the North and South	2.00 p. m.
11.30 a. m.	All points west of Minturn	4.00 p. m.
4.45 p. m.	Denver, Kansas City, St. Louis, Chicago, Ft. Worth and points east	10.00 a. m.
11.00 a. m. and 4.50 p. m.	Colorado City, Manitou, Cripple Creek, Florissant, Divide, Victor, Gillett, Florence, Rosita, Silver Cliff, Westcliffe, Ft. Worth and points east	11.30 p. m. 8.45 a. m. 2.00 p. m.

COLORADO MIDLAND.

Arrive		Depart
1.00 a. m.	Aspen, Gunnison, Leadville and all points west	10.30 a. m.
5.45 p. m.	Colorado Midland, Colorado City, Manitou, Cripple Creek, Florissant, Divide, Victor, Ft. Worth and points east	6.00 a. m.

D. & R. G. R. R.

Arrive		Depart
12.30 p. m.	Denver, Kansas City, St. Louis, Chicago, Ft. Worth and points east	2.00 p. m.
8.35 p. m.	Leadville, Gunnison, Salt Lake, San Francisco, Los Angeles and points west	8.00 a. m.
	Pueblo and points south	10.30 a. m.

M. W. SNELLER, P. M.

HANCOCK BROS.

(SUCCESSORS TO HANCOCK & OWEN.)

HATS AND FURS

DUNLAP

SEAL SKIN CAPES DYED AT NEW YORK PRICES. OTHER GARMENTS REPAIRED.

1009 & 1011 SIXTEENTH ST. DENVER, COLO.

OCULIST AND AURIST
DR. WALKER,
DENVER, COLO.

WOODWORTH'S SHORTHAND COLLEGE
Dr. DAVID H. WOODWORTH

DAVIS & CO.,
Undertakers, - - Telephone 124
NO. 114 N. TEJON ST.

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CHAPTER VIII.

"I had heard of animals and even human beings who were totally invisible, but who still retained their forms, their palpability and all the powers and functions of life. I had heard of beings invested by invisible animals; I had read the story of the maiden whose cravings her lover perceived by the parting of the well grain in the field of ripe wheat through which she passed, but whose form, although it might be folded in his arms, was yet as invisible to his sight as the summer air. I did not doubt for a moment that the animal that had come to me was one of those strange beings. I lifted his head; it was heavy. I took hold of a paw which he readily gave me; he had every attribute of a real dog, except that he could not be seen.

"'I call that perfectly horrible,' said Aunt Martha, with a sort of a gasp.

"'Perhaps,' said the young man, 'you would prefer that I should not continue.'

At this both my wife and Aunt Martha declared that he must go on and even I did not object to hearing the rest of the story.

"'Well,' said the young man, 'I never came back. It is generally believed that dogs can see things which are invisible to us, and I am afraid that my faithful hound was frightened, perhaps to death, when he found that the animal which entrance into the courtyard he had practiced was a supernatural and uncanny thing.

"'But if I needed a centre companion I had one, for by day or night this invisible dog never left me. When I slept he lay on the floor by the side of my bed; if I put down my hand I could always feel his head, and often he would put up and press his nose against me, as if to assure me that he was there. This strange companionship continued for several days, and I became really attached to the invisible animal. His constant companionship seemed to indicate that he had come to guard me, and that he was determined to do it thoroughly. I felt so much confidence in his protection, although I knew not how it could be exerted, that one morning I decided to take a walk, and with my hand on the head of the dog, to make sure that he was with me, I strolled into the open country.

"'I had walked about a mile and was approaching a group of large trees, when suddenly from behind one of them the full figure of a man appeared. In an instant I knew it to be Colonel Kaldhein, his face a face which could not easily be forgotten. Without a word he raised a pistol which he held in his hand and fired at me. The ball whistled over my head.

"'I stopped short, startled, and frightened almost out of my senses. I was surprised and there was no place of refuge to which I could fly. It was plain that the man was determined to kill me.

"'Quickly recocking his pistol, Kaldhein raised it again. I involuntarily shrank back, expecting death, but before he could fire his arm suddenly dropped and the pistol was discharged into the ground. Then began a struggle. The man shouted, kicked and beat up and down with his arms, his pistol fell from his hand, he sprang from side to side, he turned around, he ran and yelled.

"'I stood astounded. For a moment I thought the man had been overcome by some sort of fit; but in a flash it came to me. Kaldhein was being attacked by my protector, the invisible dog.

"'Horrified by this conviction, my first impulse was to save the man, and, without knowing what I was going to do, I stepped quickly toward him, but, stumbling over something I did not see, I fell sprawling. Before I could regain my feet I saw Kaldhein fall backward to the ground, where a scene took place so terrible that I shall not attempt to describe it. When, with trembling steps, I approached, the man was dead. The invisible dog had almost torn him to pieces.

"'I could do nothing. I did not remain upon the spot another minute, but hurried home to the castle. As I rapidly walked on I felt the dog beside me, and, putting my hand upon him, I felt that he was panting terribly, and for three days I did not leave the house.

"'About the end of this time I was sitting in an upper room of the castle, reflecting upon the recent dreadful event, when the thought struck me that the invisible dog, who was by my side, apparently asleep, was of an unusually powerful build to overcome so easily such a strong man as Kaldhein. I felt a desire to know how large the creature really was, and, as I had never touched any portion of his body back of his shoulders, I now passed my hand along his back. I was amazed at his length, and when I had moved my hand at least seven feet from his head it still rested upon his body; then the form of that body began to change in a manner which terrified me; but, impelled by a horrible but irresistible curiosity, my hand moved on.

"'But I no longer touched the body of a dog; the form beneath my hand was cylindrical, apparently about a foot in diameter. As my hand moved on the diameter diminished, and the skin of the creature became cold and clammy. I was feeling the body of a snake!

"'I now had reached the open door of the room. The body of the snake extended through it. It went on to the top of the stairs; these I began to descend, my heart beating fast with terror, my face blanched. I am sure, but my hand still moving along the body of the awful creature. I had studied zoology, giving a good deal of attention to reptiles, and I knew that, judged by the ordinary ratio of diminution of the bodies of serpents, this one must extend a long distance down the stairs.

"'But I had not descended more than a dozen steps before I felt a shiver beneath my hand, and then a jerk, and the next moment it was violently drawn upward. I withdrew my hand, and started to one side, and then, how, I know not, I became aware that the dog part of the creature was coming downstairs.

"'I now became possessed of a wild terror. The creature must be furious that I had discovered his real form. He had always been careful to keep his head toward me. I should be safe as long as Kaldhein had been. Down the stairs I dashed, across the courtyard, and toward a lofty old tower which stood in one corner of the castle. Up the winding stairs of this I ran with a speed which belongs only to a frantically terrified creature, until I reached the fourth story, where I dashed through an open doorway, slammed behind me an iron door, which shut with a spring, and fell gasping upon the floor.

"'In less than a minute I was aware, by a slight rattling of the great hinges, that something was pushing against the door, but I did not move. I knew that I was safe. The room in which I lay was a prison dungeon, and in it, in the olden time, it is said, a man had been left to perish. Escape or communication with the outer world was impossible. A little light and air came through the narrow slit near the top of the wall, and to force the door would be impossible.

"'I knew that the invisible dog, or whatever it was, could not get in and the door was opened. I had frequently noticed that when he entered a room it was through an open door, and I always knew of his approach by seeing an unlatched door open without visible means, so feeling secure for the present I lay and gasped and panted.

"'After the lapse of a few hours, however, I was seized by a new terror. How was I over to get out of this horrible

I KNEW THAT I WAS SAFE.

dungeon? Even if I made up my mind to face the dog, trusting that he had recovered from his momentary anger, I had no means of opening the door, and so making any one hear me I knew that was impossible.

"'I had no hope that my servants would come here. I had not seen any one when I ran into the tower, and if they should discover that I was here in this dungeon how could they open the door? The key was in my father's possession. He had taken it to Vienna to exhibit it as a curiosity to some of his mechanical friends. He believed that there was not such another key in the world. I was in the habit of making long absences from the castle, and if I should be locked in—I believe that the tower would be the last place visited.

"'Night came on; the little light in the room vanished and, hungry, thirsty and almost hopeless, I fell asleep.

"'During the night there was a most dreadful storm. The thunder roared, the lightning flashed through the slit in the wall, and the wind blew with such terrific violence that the tower shook and trembled. After a time I heard a tremendous crash as of falling walls, and then another, and now I felt the wind blowing into my prison.

"'There was no further sleep for me. Trembling with a fearful apprehension of what might happen next, I cowered against the wall until the day broke, then I perceived that in front of me was a great hole in the wall of the dungeon, which extended for more than a yard above the floor. I sat and looked at this until the light became stronger, and then I cautiously approached the aperture and looked out. Nearly the whole of the castle lay in ruins before me!

"'It was easy to see what had happened. The storm had demolished the crumbling walls of the old building, and the tower, itself frail and tottering, stood alone, high above the prostrate ruins. If the winds should again arise it must fall, and at any moment its shaken foundations might give away beneath it.

"'through the hole in the wall, which had been caused by the tearing away of some of the connection between the tower and main building, I could look down on the ground below, covered with masses of jagged stone, but there was no way in which I could get down. I could not descend that perpendicular wall. If I leaped out death would be certain.

"'As I crouched at the opening I felt the head of a dog pushed against me. A spasm of terror ran through me, but the moment the creature began to lick my hands I knew that I had nothing to fear from him. Instantly my courage returned. I felt that he was my protector. I patted his head, and he renewed his caresses.

"'Passing my hand over him, I found he was holding himself in his present position by means of his fore legs, which were stretched out upon the floor. What a dog this must be, who could climb a wall! But I gave no time to conjectures of this sort. How could I avail myself of his assistance? In what manner could he enable me to escape from that dangerous tower?

"'Suddenly a thought came to me. I remembered the snake part of him. Judging from the ratio of diminution, which I have mentioned before, that part, if hanging down, must reach nearly, if not quite, to the ground. By taking advantage of this means of descent I might be saved, but the feat would require great dexterity and an immense amount of faith. This serpent-like portion of the animal was invisible. How could I know how long it was!

"'But there was no time for considerations, the wind had again arisen and was blowing with fury. The tower shook beneath me; at any moment it might fall. If I should again escape from death, through the assistance of my invisible friend, I must avail myself of that assistance instantly.

"'I stopped and felt the animal. He still hung by the fore part of his body and by his fore legs to the floor of the dungeon, and by reaching out I could feel that the rest of him extended downward. I, therefore, seized his body in my arms, threw myself out of the aperture and began to slide down.

"'In a very short time I found that I had reached the snake portion of the creature, and, throwing my arms and legs around it, I endeavored with all my strength to prevent a too rapid descent, but in spite of all my efforts my downward progress was faster than I would have wished it to be, but there was no stopping. I must slip down.

"'In these moments of rapid descent my mind was filled with wild anxiety concerning what was likely to be the ratio of diminution of the serpent-like form to which I was clinging. I recovered in a flash that there were snakes whose caudal extremity dwindled away suddenly into a point. This one might do so, and at any instant I might come to the end of the tail and drop from a great height upon the jagged stones below.

"'Calculation after calculation of the ratio of diminution flashed through my mind during that awful descent. My whole soul was centered upon one point: When shall this support end? When shall I drop?

"'Fortunately, I was on the inward side of the tower, and I was not swung about by the wind. Steadily I descended, and so subtly the diameter of the form I grasped diminished, soon I could grasp it in my hand, then, with a terrified glance, I looked below. I was still at a sickening distance from the ground. I shut my eyes. I slipped down, down, down. The tail became like a thick rope which I encircled with each hand. It became thinner and thinner. It grew so small that I could not hold it, but as I felt it slip from my fingers my foot touched on a pile of stones.

"'Bewildered and almost exhausted, I stumbled over the ruins, gained the unencumbered ground, and ran as far from the tower as I could, sinking down at last against the trunk of a tree in a neighboring field. Scarcely had I reached this spot when the fury of the wind-storm appeared to be redoubled, and before the wild and shrieking blast the tower bent, and then fell with a great crash upon the other ruin.

"'The first thought that came into my mind when I beheld the dreadful spectacle concerned the creature who had twice saved my life. Had he escaped, or was he crushed beneath that mass of stones? I felt on either side to discover if he was near me, but he was not. Had he given his life for mine?

"'Had I been stronger I would have searched for him; I would have clambered among the ruins to see if I could discover his mangled form. If I could but touch his faithful head I would stroke and caress it, living or dead. But excitement, fatigue and want of food had made me so weak that I could do nothing but sit upon the ground with my back against the tree.

"'While thus resting I perceived that the whole of the tower had not been demolished by the storm. Some of the rooms in which we had lived having been built at a later date than the rest of the great edifice, had resisted the power of the wind and were still standing.

"'From the direction of the uninjured portion of the castle I now saw approaching a light-colored object, which seemed to be floating in the air about a foot from the ground. As it came nearer I saw that it was a basket, and I immediately understood the situation. My faithful friend was alive, and he was bringing me some refreshments.

"'On came the basket, rising and falling with the bounds of the dog. It was truly an odd spectacle, but a very welcome one. In a few moments the basket was deposited at my side, and I was caressing the head of the faithful dog. In the basket I found a bottle of wine and some bread and meat, which the good creature had doubtless discovered

I WAS CARESSING THE HEAD OF THE FAITHFUL DOG.

in the kitchen of the castle, and it was not long before I felt like myself again. The storm had now almost passed away, and I arose and went to my own rooms, my friend and protector still keeping close to my side.

"'On the morning of the next day, as I sat wondering what had happened to my servants, and whether my father had been apprised of the disaster to the castle, I felt something pulling at the skirt of my coat. I put out my hand and found that it was the invisible dog. Imagining that he wished me to follow him, I arose, and, obeying the impulse given me by his gentle strain upon my coat, I followed him out of the door, across the courtyard, and into the open country. We went on a considerable distance. A gentle touch of my coat admonished me when I turned from the direction in which it was desired that I should go.

"'After a walk of about half an hour I approached a great oak tree, with low, wide-spreading branches. Someone was sitting beneath it. Imagining the truth, I rushed forward. It was Marie!

"'It was needless for us to say anything, to explain the state of our feelings toward each other. That tale was told by the delight with which we met. When I asked her how she came to be there she told me that about an hour before, while sitting in front of her father's mansion, she had felt something gently pulling at her skirts, and although at first a little frightened, she was at length impelled by curiosity to obey the impulse, and, without knowing whether it was the wind or some supernatural force which had led her here, she had come.

"'We had a great deal to say to each other. She told me that she had been longing to send me a message to warn me that Colonel Kaldhein would certainly kill me the next time he saw me, but she had no means of sending me such a message, for the Colonel had had her actions closely watched.

"'When the news came of Kaldhein's death she at first feared that I had killed him and would therefore be obliged to fly the country, but when it was known that he had been almost torn to pieces by wild beasts she, like every one else, was utterly amazed and could not understand the matter at all. None but the most ferocious creatures could have inflicted the injuries of which the man had died and where these creatures came from none knew. Some people thought that a pack of bloodhounds might have broken loose from some of the estates of the surrounding country and in the course of their wild journeyings might have met with the Colonel and fallen upon him. Others surmised that a bear had come down from the mountains and killed the man. But the fact was that nobody knew any thing about it.

"'I did not attempt to acquaint Marie with the truth. At that moment the invisible dog was lying at my side and I feared if I mentioned his existence to Marie she might fly in terror. To me there was only one important phase of the affair and that was that Marie was now free, that she might be mine.

"'Before we parted we were affianced lovers, pledged to marry as soon as possible. I wrote to my father, asking for his permission to wed the lady. But in his reply he utterly forbade any such marriage. Marie also discovered, without difficulty, that her parents would not permit a union with a foreigner, and would indeed oppose her marriage with any one at this time.

"'However, as usual, love triumphed, and after some months many difficulties we were married and fled to America. Since that time I have been obliged to support myself and my wife, for my father will give me no assistance. He had proposed a very different career for me, and was extremely angry when he found his plans had been completely destroyed. But we are hopeful, we work hard, and hope that we may yet be able to support ourselves comfortably without aid from any one. We are young, we are strong, we trust each other, and have a firm faith in the success of our efforts.

"'I had only one regret in leaving Europe, and that was that my faithful friend, the noble and devoted invisible dog, was obliged to remain on the other side of the Atlantic. Why this was so I do not know, but perhaps it was for the best. I have never told my wife of his existence, and if she had accidentally discovered it I know not what might have been the effect upon her nervous system.

"'The dog accompanied me through Austria, Switzerland and France to Havre, from which port we sailed. I took leave of him on the gang-plank. He licked my hands, and I caressed and stroked him. People might have thought that my actions denoted insanity, but my body was so greatly occupied the last moments before departure perhaps I was not noticed. Just as I left him and hastened on board a sailor fell off board from the gang-plank. He was quickly rescued, but could not imagine why he had fallen. I believe, however, that he was tripped up by the awkward part of my friend as he convulsively bounded away.'

The young man ceased and gazed pensively upon the floor.

"'Well, well, well!' exclaimed Aunt Martha, 'if these are the sort of escapades you had. I don't wonder that realism was wonderful enough for you. The invisible creature was very good to you, I am sure, but I am glad it did not come with you to America.'

David, who had been waiting for an opportunity to speak, now interrupted further comments by stating that it was daylight, and if I thought well of it, he would open the window shutters, so that we might see any one going toward the town. A milkman, he said, passed the house very early every morning. When the shutters were opened we were all amazed that the night should have passed so quickly.

The tall burglar and the young man now began to exhibit a good deal of anxiety

[Continued Next Sunday.]

ITEMS OF INTEREST

It is estimated that in India there are 250,000 lepers.

Last year 1336 persons died of delirium tremens in England.

During the exposition the Paris theatres took in $3,050,000.

It is claimed that we import over $2,500,000 worth of eggs annually.

A report issued by the Cotton association of Alexandria states that the Egyptian crop is estimated at 3,250,000 cantars.

The lord mayor of London has informed an inquisitive journalist that during his term of office, he has partaken of 250 public dinners.

There is to be an international exhibition of postage stamps held in Vienna next year in commemoration of the fiftieth anniversary of their introduction.

In the Caucasus where brigandage is rapidly gaining ground, an entire detachment of Russian troops was recently defeated by the brigands, who are supported by the native population.

Iowa's corn crop of $336,000,000 bushels is worth $75,000,000, and would fill a train of cars 500 miles in length. It would give five bushels to every man, woman and child in the United States.

It is reported that both the czar and the emperor of Austria will give half a million francs toward the foundation of a faculty of medicine in Belgrade, and 150,000 francs for a Servian invalid fund.

It is estimated that the negroes of Texas own 1,000,000 acres of land, pay taxes on $2,000,000 worth of property, have 2,000 churches, 2,000 benevolent associations, 2,500 common schools, 15 newspapers and 125,000 children being educated.

The potato crop of the country is estimated at 213,000,000 bushels, an increase of 17,000,000 bushels over that of last year. Estimating the population at 60,000,000 souls, it will be seen that there are over three and one half bushels for each man, woman and child in the United States.

The practice of cremation is on the increase. In Rome 119 bodies were cremated in 1886, 155 in 1887, and over 200 in 1888. At the Woking Crematorium in England over seventy bodies have been cremated since the British parliament authorized this method of the disposal of the dead.

British capital is developing the resources of South Africa at a remarkable rate. The returns of the mines have increased from $250,000 to $7,500,000 a year. At the same time silver, coal, petroleum and planting companies, with all their attendant industries, have been started, and in many cases are doing well.

The sixth annual meeting of the American Historical association will be held at Washington, during the last four days of the present month. The programme is long and interesting, including addresses by President Adams and ex President White, of Cornell, Mr. Theodore Roosevelt, Mr. Edward Eggleston, Mr. Justin Winsor and many other prominent in public and educational affairs.

It is the intention in New York to offer a reward for the best special hymn by an American composer to be sung at the opening of the world's fair by a chorus of thousands of German voices. The committee appointed is also to see to it that a vast music hall shall be erected where this chorus may be sung and where during the progress of the fair concerts may be given by the German societies, the assured being that this music hall be permanent.

The doctors who attended the late king of Portugal during the last few weeks of his illness presented bills for their services amounting to nearly a $100,000. One of them demanded $17,000 for ten visits, another demanded $17,000 for fifteen, while a third thought that $30,000 was not too much to ask for his attendance at eighteen consultations. Eventually the new king succeeded in effecting a settlement of their claim by means of a lump sum of $60,000.

ACTORS AS READERS.

European and American Actors and Actresses as Readers.

Lucy Hooper's Daughter Chats About Some Stage Matters.

Glimpses of Coquelin, Salvini, Mme. Bernhardt and Others.

Paris Correspondence. The very latest development of dramatic talent is that of giving recitations. It is not quite a modern innovation. Nearly 1,000 years ago Hugues Capet, the French king, read on Kendle or Mrs. Siddons in England, not Forrest in the United States, and delighted in the recitations of poetry. Private drawing rooms have since then, or at least until quite recently, been the scene of such entertainments. But of late years it has become a very common for dramatic artists of all ranks, when called upon to lend the aid of their talent to private and public or charitable enterprises, to do anything from reciting a poem by a well known poet or a well known self spy from a great drama—in a dim evening dress, without the trouble of donning a costume or of making up the face.

This is a happy innovation in more respects than one, and especially on account of the opportunity for the display of the reciter's powers of elocution to be even greater in degree than that attended by going through a good many entire parts upon the regular boards. And it is a curious fact that an admirable reciter is not always a good actor, and vice versa. It is one thing to go through a poem with finished art and well trained powers of expression, it is quite another thing to embody a character possibly quite the opposite to that of the performer behind the footlights.

It was the elder Coquelin who first brought recitations into fashion. He was so often called upon to lend the charm of his genius to the attractions of a charitable performance, or to those of a private soiree, that he inaugurated the custom by lending his wonderful gifts of humor or of pathos to the delivery of poems by the leading authors of France. Prior to this innovation the leading actors and actresses of the Comedie Francaise were accustomed, when engaged to appear at a private entertainment, to play some little comedy or other, containing very few characters and demanding neither scenery nor change of dress. But the supply of suitable works of that nature soon ran short, and it was then that Coquelin commenced, as he said, "the crusade of the lyre against the piano," and lent the charm of his inimitable diction to such poems as Coppee's "Saved from the Shipwreck," Paul Delair's "Vision of Claude" and "The Revenge of Reine," and Victor Hugo's "Poor People" and "The Ghost." Then came a host of monologues, mostly written expressly for the great actor, and chiefly comic in tone, "The Hat," and "The Fly," and others too numerous to mention.

Coquelin's brother is almost his equal so far as comic recitations are concerned but the younger Coquelin does not possess that charm of pathos and poetic elevation which lines the great humorous talent of the elder as the silver light does the sunset clouds. His repertoire is endless and is as varied as it is extensive.

The repertoire of Mounet Sully as a reciter is very limited, but his tragic genius never found fuller display, either as "Hamlet" or as "Gilipus," than it does in his favorite poem, The Ballad of Despair," by Henri Murger. The melancholy poet of Bohemia tells in striking verse how fame, and riches, and power, and love, and song, all come one winter's night to the door of the poet's dwelling. One by one they crave admission, and he repulsed each in turn. At last comes death, and to that visitor the lonely heart broken man opens wide his door. The voices of the spirit visitors, moaning amidst the winter tempest, the brusque determined answers of the man who has outlived all hope and all delusions, and finally the wild outburst of rejoicing that greets the last and welcome guest, are all beyond measure striking, and show off the great emotional gifts of the famous tragedian to their highest degree.

M. Frederic Febre recites very seldom his favorite selections being "The Benediction," by Francois Coppee. Got never recites and never has been known to act at a private house.

Delaunay, too, in spite of the silvery charm of his exquisite voice and the artistic finish of his diction, always refused "to stoop to recitations." He considered such an exercise of his talent as a degradation of dramatic art. At least so he was wont to declare, but I am inclined to think that his gifts did not lie in that direction. For it does not by any means suffice for a man or woman to be a talented actor or actress to be able to read well. Recitation demands a special gift. Two of the greatest actors of our day, Salvini and Booth, cannot recite, that is to say they are unable to declaim verses from plays off the stage.

Salvini when acting in Berlin some years ago, was placed by the prefect of police in a decidedly perplexing predicament. He was invited to dine with the Emperor Frederick, then the crown prince, and the grand Duke of Weimar was one of the guests. After dinner the host courteously requested the tragedian to recite something for the entertainment of the venerable monarch. Such a request was of course a command, and Salvini was compelled to comply. But it was only by dint of supreme effort and by the aid of a stimulating beverage, the nature of which he dared not inquire, that he managed to get through a respectable number of verses. I have heard him myself [illegible] to be "on his mettle" [illegible] forced to come to a standstill [illegible] had half finished the [illegible]

It was the same [illegible] similar occasion [illegible] neither of the great actors [illegible] plays. Booth [illegible] Marmora [illegible] to relinquish the [illegible] from the contempt poured on the foolishness and by the change of dress and surroundings appeared to be necessary for the revelation of their genius.

Rachel, on the other hand, was a brilliant reciter, and used to produce a great effect with a poem on Christopher Columbus.

[illegible] was probably [illegible] and also Mademoiselle Rose [illegible] Lucia Lucia. He [illegible] of Dante [illegible] Mme. Ristori [illegible] Mme. Rachel [illegible] Mme. Ristori [illegible] Mme. Rachel [illegible] Mme. Ristori [illegible] Mme. Rachel

ONE MUST BE BLIND

To reason and to FACTS not to realize that Colorado Springs is destined to INCREASE RAPIDLY in population, that it MUST grow towards the NORTH, that the FINEST RESIDENCES are being built and will be built in the NORTH END, and that the greatest prospective INCREASE in VALUES will be on Cascade avenue, Tejon street and Nevada avenue, the main arteries of the city.

THE NORTH END ADDITION

Offers an absolutely safe field for PROFITABLE INVESTMENT. Judging by the past, these lots will DOUBLE or TREBLE in value within THREE years.

SIX-INCH WATER MAIN SUPPLIES CITY WATER TO EVERY LOT.

The Character of the Improvements is Guaranteed by every Deed.
None but First-Class Residences allowed in this Addition.
The Street Railway Traverses this Tract from End to End.

If you want to purchas a Site for a Home,
If you want a really Desirable Investment,
If you want something better than money placed at 10 per cent compound interest,
Examine into the advantages of

THE NORTH END ADDITION!

Plats Issued, with Prices of every Lot marked thereon. All marked in plain figures and Absolutely One Price.

ALSO TAKE A LOOK AT

[illegible]

An Extension of the North End Addition.

Apply to any Real Estate Agent or at the Principal Office,

[illegible]

JUDGE CAMPBELL'S DECISION.

[illegible] Gazette to the Cabin [illegible]

There seems to be considerable interest and discussion in regard to the decision of Judge Campbell in the case of Parnah vs City of Colorado Springs, and especially regarding his remarks concerning the legality of the plats owing to the way in which the streets and alleys were laid out. The following is exactly what Judge Campbell said.

Upon the argument the question was raised as to whether or not this plat is legal plat for the alleged reason that the streets and alleys, especially in the [illegible] do not open out upon any portion of the city, or come up to the line of the land owned by the Cabin, which was platted. I do not think that it is necessary for me to determine that question in this case, but if it were necessary for me to determine it I would simply say that as a matter of fact the plat was made that the ends of the alleys and the streets terminate upon the land itself, which was platted. It would not be any illegal, and I should certainly declare it so, but I am unable to determine that question, as to whether that [illegible] The plat shows that streets on the north or north-[illegible] upon the tract of land platted. As far as that is concerned I think that would be illegal, but as I said I think it is necessary for me to determine that question. Certainly, a tract of land and all the streets and alleys in that plat to terminate upon the land platted, in other words, be cut off from ingress and egress to the public.

A Gazette representative yesterday interviewed Mr H G Lunt, one of the company, Mr De Courcey and the [illegible] in regard to the decision. It seems that he thought the decision was a victory for the plaintiffs, in that they had secured what they desired, the vacation of the plats. If these were accepted presented to the city [illegible] acceptance without being [illegible] to the law, then the [illegible] under a protest and it will [illegible] upon them to decide. If the [illegible] court that body [illegible] and hold that this land has been platted properly according to the section of the statute [illegible] Campbell says does not apply.

[illegible] says that they are [illegible] upon the titles to real [illegible] way. He had not thought [illegible] the decision before, but [illegible] additions that have [illegible] the council are not affected. [illegible] in question.

For the Carpenters' Union

Colorado Springs, Colo., December 21st, 1889.

[illegible] of the Carpenters [illegible] of America, held [illegible] the following officers were installed for the next six months: [illegible] president, Charles [illegible] A B Currie, recorder, [illegible] financial secretary, F. [illegible] M Clark, warden [illegible] Factor J A Houle [illegible] The union is in good [illegible] well in getting new members as at every meeting new names are enrolled. The roll book now shows 86 members and all are good workmen. There seems to be some trouble in convincing outsiders that the men work in harmony with the contractors. It is the object of the workmen to work in peace with the contractors and not to cause any hard ships or trouble with their employers.

Yours, respectfully,
FRANK SAWYER,
Financial Secretary.

The Humane society of El Paso county sometime ago offered a prize of $15 for the best essay from each one of the schools, the subject being, "The Humane Idea; Its Bearing on the Formation of Character." The time within which the essays were to be prepared expired Friday. The pupils of the High school prepared seventeen essays, but the college none. The board of directors of the society are greatly pleased at the way the scholars and Prof. Jones took interest in the subject, and are sorry that they did not hear from the students of the college. It is expected that there will be a second prize awarded on the essays handed in by the pupils of the High school. The committee to decide on the merits of the essays are the following gentlemen: Rev. J. B. Gregg, E. A. Colburn and Mr. L. R. Ehrich. As Mr. Ehrich is absent from the city just at present, the essays will probably not be examined before January, and the committee will probably not give the name of the successful competitor to the public until a meeting is called, when the writer will be called up to read it.

Uffner's midget, Lucia Zarate, while in England was many times asked to appear before the different members of the royal family. On her first visit to Sandringham one of the daughters of the Princess of Wales took Miss Lucia for an animated doll, and wept bitterly when she was being taken away. The mistake was a very natural one for a child, as it is very common for old people at the first glance to take her for a doll.

In the county court yesterday some of the Colorado City liquor cases were called up. The case against Lustig & Lewin was set for trial December 28, and that of Thomas Lorimer on December 31. The date of trial for the other cases will be set on the 28th. D Minium was fined $50 and costs for renting a room for gambling purposes. The bonds of John Hickey and George Stratton two tin horns who have skipped out, were forfeited, and it is said a well known business man of this place will have to foot the bill.

The ministers meeting will be held in the lecture room of the First Presbyterian church Monday morning at 10:30. Discussion on "The Extent of Inspiration." An invitation is extended to all resident and visiting clergymen to be present and join in the discussion.

Brigham & Herman have hanging in their meat market on Tejon street one of the largest muttons ever shown in the city. It weighs 146 pounds dressed and dwarfs all other mutton hanging beside it. It is a Cotswold sheep two years old and was raised near Denver.

BRANCHING OUT.

The big C[illegible] Another [illegible]

It is less than a year since the carriage repository of Wellex & Shields opened up for business on North Tejon street. The placing of such a large stock of vehicles on the Colorado Springs market was something of an experiment, but it is such no longer, at least the persons most interested who have the best reasons to know, state that it has been a most successful one.

The firm has just decided to still further increase its plant and will add a harness manufacturing department, and will keep for sale all manner of fine turf goods. They have secured the services of Mr. Frank Karrick, an expert harness maker, who will have entire charge of their work. They will be prepared to make according to order any class of harness from that used in heavy ranch work to silky harness for racing. Only the best Pittsburg tanned leather will be used and first-class harness made. The workshop will be arranged in the back of the building and the front will be used to display the goods. Only live saleable goods will be kept in stock, such as are up to the trade the people want. Mr R W. Spring, a gentleman well acquainted with the harness and leather goods trade of this city, and the Rocky mountain section, has been engaged as salesman. He will no doubt prove a valuable man to the firm, and after the local business becomes established thoroughly will take the road in the interest of the jobbing trade.

Messrs Wellex & Shields are both practical business men, who by circumstances over which they have no control, have been compelled to leave large interests in the east and reside in this city. That they have come to stay is evidenced by the extensive plant over which they preside, and are applying business principles in conducting it. The firm has just received its twelfth car load of carriages since beginning business ten months ago.

Mr Henry Kelleyr and Miss Dreamcillis Clup, both formerly of Philadelphia, Pa., were married by Rev H H Bell, at his residence on East Kiowa street, on the evening of the 19th. They will make their home in El Paso county, near Bijou basin.

A prominent contractor of the city remarked yesterday that the business portion of the city had had a great boom during the past year, but that he had reason to believe that it would be nothing compared to what next year would bring forth. Already several large blocks are talked of.

Uffner's Royal Midget

The smallest woman that lives or ever has lived, Lucia Zarate, is to be with us for a time, beginning Tuesday the 24th inst., at the city hall. She is 27 years of age, her weight is but 42 lbs. When you look upon her it seems as though a breath would jar the life from her body. All noted dwarfs of history tower as high above her as Pike's Peak towers above the church steeples of our town. There can be no [illegible] but that more people have visited her than any attraction that ever lived. For eight months in Piccadilly hall, London, she drew an average of 6,000 people daily. Coming nearer home, in Denver during the past three weeks 105,000 people went to look and wonder. We are informed that at birth she measured but nine inches in length and weighed less than a single pound. She was a year old before her mother could dress her properly. She has been a constant traveler and on exhibition daily, yet she never experienced a day's illness in her life. Her father and mother are with her, as is also a younger sister. It is unnecessary to say that she is watched over as becomes the tiniest representative of God's handiwork. Her parents intend to withdraw her from public exhibition after this, her fourth, tour of the world, therefore all should see her now.

Sophie Eyre, the popular English society actress, will appear at the opera house Monday evening in her play "The Witch." The following regarding the actress and play is from the Denver Republican. "The scene and time of the drama is in Bohemia during the thirty years' war and in the castle of a certain noble lady. Thalia, who, under the guide of Simeon, a philosopher, devotes her leisure during the absence of her lover on the field of battle to the study of the Pleiades, dawning a science which the tenant of the period considered witchcraft. Consequently she is popularly believed to be in communication with the prince of darkness. Her lover returns and feels his ardor abate in the company of a lady so scientific, and his affections fix themselves on her less learned sister, Alma. The first and second acts of the play are highly interesting, but it is the third and fourth acts that are masterly. The third contains a passionate scene between the two sisters, which probably owes its origin to Schiller's "Marie Stuart." The last act contains a very strong scene. Thalia, obeying a generous impulse to leave her lover to her sister on the eve of her nuptials, proclaims herself a witch, and the populace arise, as one man, and slay her. As Lady Thalia, Miss Eyre did so well that she was twice called before the curtain. Mr Charles Edmunds as Count Rupert was good and as Alma Miss Aubrey was excellent."

The GAZETTE would again urge upon the carpenters and others who are not regular contractors to report any or all buildings that they have put up during the past year. If they have built small homes for themselves or others, let them report it. It is urged not as a favor to this paper but for the benefit of the city, because the greater the amount of building the more will others be encouraged to build.

The Consolidated Stationery company have a change of ad this morning in which they call attention to their books for Xmas presents.

Verdict of Guilty

HAVERSTRAW, December 21.—The jury in the Nyack riot case, as to the murder of Thomas N. Foster, have rendered a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree against Henry Jones and Caesar Fisher. Seven others were found guilty of manslaughter.

BORN.

KITSER—To the wife of Chas. S. Kitser, a son, Saturday evening January 21st, 1889.

WANTED.

WANTED—To borrow at 8 per cent, first on good Colorado Springs real estate. [illegible]

WANTED—A competent chamber maid who can come well recommended. Apply Mrs. H. H. Sherwin, [illegible]

WANTED—Immediately, a girl for [illegible] Apply northwest corner of Kaufman and Weber.

WANTED—I wish to employ a few ladies on salary, to take charge of my business at their homes. Work very fascinating and pleasant. Large salaries. Inclose stamp for part time. Address with stamp, Mrs. M. Walker, Louisville, Kentucky.

WANTED—Immediately, to buy a [illegible] Money ready on the day application is made. The Colorado Loan & Mortgage Co., office in The Exchange National Bank.

WANTED—Large clean rags at this office.

TO RENT.

TO RENT—Furnished room [illegible] suitable for a gentleman and his wife. 105 N. Tejon street.

TO RENT—Two front rooms with board. [illegible] Pike's Peak avenue.

TO RENT—Two store rooms to rent and fix them to suit tenant. Helen A. Co.

TO RENT—Large well furnished front room south and west exposure. Apply at 25 N. Tejon street.

TO RENT—Furnished cottages in Manitou for a month. Enquire at the Colorado Springs, Manitou.

TO RENT—A comfortable cottage of three rooms, [illegible] Apply at company's office, 102 Pike's Peak avenue, or at Schooley's Hotel, Colorado City.

TO RENT—Square and upright pianos and sewing machines. Allen's Music store.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A bargain. A corner in Hughes' Addition, 150x300 on the line of the new motor, offered for a few days only. Inquire of Brook White, 102 Pike's Peak avenue.

FOR SALE—Top buggy, price $60, corner Nevada and San Luis.

FOR SALE—Or will trade for good income property, livery and transfer business in Colorado City. Address H. H. Quality.

LOST.

LOST—Pocket book [illegible] Pike's Peak ave.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN—Will [illegible] real estate security. [illegible] Walker & Co.

TO TRADE.

TO TRADE—A large portion of the profits of the city, choice locals to let, or a small [illegible] business. Address [illegible]

PASTURAGE.

PASTURAGE—Good and [illegible] pasture for cattle and horses. [illegible] Apply [illegible]

PASTURAGE—Good pasture at [illegible] ranch. Undersigned [illegible] good grass and water. Stock taken [illegible] Price reasonable. Apply [illegible]

They Have Stood the Test of Time.

GARSTIN
Circulating Library!
[illegible] 16 and 418 N. Tejon St.

E. BRUSOE & SON,
CONTRACTORS
Builders and Jobbers,
[illegible] COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.

Boots and Shoes.
JUST RECEIVED—A full line of E. P. Reed & Co's ladies' Fine [illegible] Misses', Boys' and Children's, all of which I will sell at very low [illegible]
M. CONWAY,
21 Pike's Peak Ave.

Wm. Lennox,
AGENT FOR
[illegible]

DENVER CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC
ELOCUTION AND ART
[illegible] MISS CLARA IRWIN, [illegible] Tejon St., DENVER, [illegible]

WM. SCOTT & CO.
Practical and Sanitary
PLUMBERS!
124 So Tejon Street.
Jobbing Promptly Attended To.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.
Huyler's Candy!
Plows' Candy.
W. J. Plows & Co. E. A. TUNNELL & CO
922 to 924 18th St., Denver. Sent by Express everywhere.

COLORADO MIDLAND RAILWAY COMPANY.

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO., Nov. 28th, 1889.

A special meeting of the stockholders of The Colorado Midland Railway Company, called by the Board of Directors, will be held at the office of the Company, at Colorado Springs, Colorado, on Tuesday, the 31st day of December, 1889, at 12 o'clock noon, for the following purposes, to wit:

First—To act upon proposal to lease to this Company, or its successors, the City of Leadville & Ruby Creek Railroad Company's line of road between Ruby Creek and Grand Junction.

Second—To act upon proposal to lease, jointly with the Denver & Rio Grande Railroad Company, the Rio Grande Junction Railway Company's line of road between Rifle Creek and Grand Junction.

Third—To act upon proposal to issue this Company's consolidated four per cent gold mortgage bonds to the amount or limit, in pursuance of the plan set out in a circular letter signed by the Chairman of the Board, dated September 9th, 1889.

Books for the transfer of stock will be closed on the 10th day of December, 1889, and will remain closed until three days after the final adjournment of said meeting.

E. W. SELLS,
Secretary.

WE WANT BUSINESS BY MAIL ORDERS.
JOSLIN & PARK,
THE JEWELERS,
OPERA HOUSE BLOCK
SALT LAKE, UTAH. DENVER, COLORADO.

READY FOR THE HOLIDAYS
Extra Corn fed Beef from Kansas. Mutton the finest that could be obtained from Utah. Game of different varieties from Wyoming, Texas and the Indian Territory. Turkeys and Fowl to suit the most fastidious. Fresh Smoked Hams our own curing. Sausage and Lard our own make.
We invite all those desiring a good Christmas dinner to give us a call.
Stark & Titus.

Coal
Telephone 77.
Slatore Bros.
Old Colorado City [illegible] $5.00
House, lump [illegible] 4.50
[illegible] 3.50
McFerran, lump [illegible] 3.25
Same rate for the Old Colorado City Coal.
[illegible] 27 E. H. St.

The only Infallible Cure On Earth. R-X PILE REMEDY
[illegible]
H. L. REID,
City Engineer and County Surveyor.
J. S. LUCRAFT, Deputy.
F. W. HOWBERT, Jr., Ty.
Surveying and [illegible] on all kinds of surveying work.
Office at Court H[illegible] Colo Springs.

ELECTION NOTICE
The annual meeting of the stockholders of The First National Bank, of Colorado Springs, Colo., will be held at the banking office, Tuesday, January [illegible] for the ensuing year. Polls will be open from ten to twelve o'clock.
J. J. HAGERMAN,
President.

HOLIDAY GOODS!
During the Holidays I will sell all goods at actual cost, including Chinese and Japanese Curiosities, fine Canes, China silk and Embroidered work and Japanese Wire Goods. All are cordially invited to examine my fine stock and see my low prices.
LANG HING & CO.,
124 E. Pike's Peak Ave.

HOUSE MOVING AND Stone Work.
JOHN R. LONG, [illegible]

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR.
If you want a choice article call at
Thos. Hughes'
FANCY GROCERY STORE
And get a Pure Home-Made article direct from one of the best buckwheat districts in Pennsylvania.
I Guarantee None Equal to It in this City.
Fine Goods! Fine Teas and Coffee A SPECIALTY.
110 Pike's Peak Ave.

PROPOSALS WANTED.
Sealed proposals will be received at the office of [illegible] Harper, Ar[illegible] for the [illegible] Water Co. [illegible] until 8 o'clock p. m. Friday, Dec. 27, 1889.
Plans for the work will be found separate from the [illegible]
Each bid must be accompanied by a [illegible] check for two [illegible] payable to the [illegible] of the [illegible] any bid [illegible] to be forfeited to the C[illegible] if the contract be awarded [illegible] fail to enter into contract for the period of [illegible] days after the [illegible] of the award, within two days after the [illegible] The committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids and [illegible] any bid not deemed to be for the interest of the [illegible]
THE MANITOU MINERAL WATER CO.

Xmas Candies!
IN ENDLESS VARIETY.
Our Cakes, Candies and Ice Creams
Are [illegible] to any in the City.
ALL ORDERS FOR
Ice Cream and Ices!
Will be Promptly Filled and Delivered.
AGENT FOR
Booth's Oysters.
Chicago Bakery
ERICSON & COUGH
PROPRIETORS
Next Door to the Post-Office.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

The raffle for the tricycle bicycle will occur Tuesday evening at the Western Union telegraph office.

Wellington has a change in his ad. recently, but this morning calling attention to holiday goods. Read it.

Mrs Hamp will hold a public art reception at her residence, 225 East Bijou street, to-morrow afternoon from 2 to 5 o'clock.

Henry Ward Beecher looked long at Lucia Zarate, the Mexican midget, and remarked, "That's the smallest casket that ever held a soul."

At the late term of the district court Mahala Walker Cinq Mars was granted a divorce from Harry Cinq Mars, and was given the custody of their child.

Mr. A. G. Earle will raffle the bronze hat rack on Monday evening and all who have their names on the list are requested to pay before that time.

Captain Rogers was brought over from Manitou yesterday and placed under $500 bonds to appear in the district court on February 3, to answer to the contempt proceedings.

It is stated that the corner store in the new Hagerman block is to be occupied by a drug firm now conducting business at several points in Kansas. The store is to be elegantly fitted up.

The Sunday school of the First Presbyterian church will have its Christmas festival on Monday evening at 7 o'clock. The main feature of the entertainment will be a stereopticon exhibition.

There will be union services on Christmas day at 11 a. m., in the First Congregational church. Rev. J. S. Black will preach the sermon. The offering will be in aid of that most deserving institution the free reading room and library. It should be a generous one.

The "Merry Shoemaker" was raffled to, at the Consolidated Stationery Co's. store on the 20th. Mr. William Currie and H. A. Wilson were the drawers. No. 33 took the prize. The ticket belongs to Mr. Ehrich who is at present in New York, and who was also the holder of six other tickets.

Mr. E. G. Griswold returned yesterday from the east. While in the east he visited Chicago, Boston, Lynn, Mass., and New York city, buying a stock of ladies' and children's shoes for his new store, which he expects to open about January 1, in the building formerly occupied by J. T. Kelly, on Pike's Peak avenue. Mrs. Griswold will remain in Chicago for a few weeks longer before returning. Mr. Griswold says he has hardly seen the sun in six weeks.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Ten cents per line for first insertion; five cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Advertisements to go in every issue, day, or on certain days of the week, ten cents per line for each insertion.

HALLETT & BAKER
Undertakers.
No 7 Cascade Ave. Telephone No. 16
d-3-tf

GO TO FAIRLEY BROTHERS FOR NEW AND CHEERY HOLIDAY GOODS.

GO TO FAIRLEY BROTHERS FOR FANCY CUPS AND SAUCERS, CHINA AND ALL KINDS OF FURNITURE AND FOR HOLIDAY NOVELTIES.

Respectfully,
FAIRLEY BROTHERS.

Private money to loan on good security with L. K. Deisch & Co., Brockman Bl'k Pike's Peak avenue. No delays. 1-20-tf

Try Home Nut and Lump Coal. It will please. Wm. Lennox. Telephone 80. h-13-tf

HOLIDAY RATES

The Colorado Midland will sell tickets to any point on their line for one fare for the round trip on Dec. 24, 25, 26, 31 and January 1st, good until January 3. 1

An extra line of ladies desks just received, new designs, at low prices. The De La Vergne Furniture Co., 120 S. Tejon St., opposite Alamo Hotel. m-19-tf

Cleaning, dyeing and Repairing; easteri cloth ing bought. G. Rosenstock 110 S. Tejon street, opposite post office. 1-19-3m

NOTICE.

The only authorized agent in this city for the sale of Domestic, Davis, and Wilcox & Gibbs Automatic Sewing Machines is C. B. Aiken, No. 107 Pike's Peak avenue. k-3-tf

HOLIDAY PIANOS.

C. B. Aiken offers very liberal terms on Pianos for the holidays. Do not fail to examine his large stock, at 107 Pike's Peak ave. m 15-6

Call at Frank W. Lott's and see his elegant line of Holiday goods. m-12-15

SEVERAL GOOD BUSINESSES

In this city, for sale. COBMAN. 1-21-tf

Shoe Repairing neatly and promptly done At 9 S. Tejon Street, by a Jim Hun. m-19-tf

REDUCED RATES FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

The Santa Fe Route will sell tickets during the Holidays, at One fare for the round trip, between all points on its lines in Colorado, and to all points in Kansas or New Mexico, within 200 miles of the selling station. Tickets will be on sale December 24th, 25th and 31st, 1889, and January 1st, 1890. They will be limited to January 3d, 1890, and will be good for passage in either direction, on any day up to and including that date. For tickets and information regarding train service, connections, etc. Call on

C. C. HOYT, Agent,
Colorado Springs Station.
or address GEO. T. NICHOLSON,
Gen'l Pass'r and T. Agent, A. T. & S. F. R. R.,
1-20-1m Topeka, Kansas

Frank W. Lott says he will not be undersold on Holiday goods. m-12-15

Every person purchasing 25 cents worth of candies of Ericson & Gough will receive a ticket in the drawing for the colored boys' statue. m 22-2

For the best and cheapest boots and shoes of all kinds, call at H. Conway's, 21 Pike's Peak and you can save money. Also fine shoes made to order. m-19-6

Try the little hardware store around the corner for tinware, builders material, stoves and ranges. 107 E. Huerfano m-19-m-31

Best line of Holiday goods at Frank W. Lott's. m 12-15

D. & R. G. Ticket Office, No. 8 Pike's Peak ave., Telephone 23. f-3-tf

Hallet & Davis, Ivers & Pond, Decker Bros., Briggs & Co., Marshall & Windell and the $300 Upright, at Aiken's, 107 Pike's Peak. m-15-6

All new! Our handsome new goods have arrived and we are now prepared to offer elegant furniture in the latest designs at low prices. Call and see our new establishment and be convinced. The De La Vergne Furniture Co., 122 S. Tejon St., opposite Alamo Hotel. m-19-tf

ARE YOU GOING TO DENVER?

If so you will get the finest service of any of the daily trains. Train now leaves here at 9:15 a. m. with elegant broad gauge drawing room cars, and at 10:30 p. m., with the same, including Pullman sleeping room cars. Ticket office at 155 S. Pike's Peak ave., and at the depot. m-26-tf

Mrs Hamp will hold a public art reception at her house, 314 East Bijou St., on Monday next, from two to five. m-21-3

A small solid lot of dry picked Turkeys and Chickens to arrive day morning for Christmas; also fresh eggs and butter. Call at No 14 E. Kiowa St., or telephone No. 32.
R. S. COHEN & Co.

Parties wanting Ice Cream and Ices for Christmas, should place their orders early with Ericson & Gough. m 22-2

A good chance for a physician, at Ballard, Montezuma County, Colorado. Address Weir & Rupp, Montezuma Colorado. m-21-3t

Last Christmas Helen sent him a number 7, Josie a number 8, and Clara a number 9. It is now your turn to send him a pair of the very nice size of those elegant embroidered opera slippers from F. A. McCurdy's. m 1-tf

Centre and Dining room tables in great variety. The handsomest in the city at very low prices. The De La Vergne Furniture Co., 120 S. Tejon St., opposite Alamo Hotel. m 19-tf

At the little hardware store around the corner you can buy any heating stove they have at actual cost. m-19-m-31.

Get Felt goods very low at McCurdy's. m 15-tf

FASTER TIME EAST

The Burlington Route Vestibuled No. 2 now leaves Denver at 9 p. m., arriving in Omaha 8 p. m., and St. Joe, 6.40 p. m., next day, Chicago 7 a. m. and St. Louis 7.30 a. m., second morning, making the shortest time of any line between Denver and St. Louis.

This train carries the famous cafe, sleeping, day coach, luxurious reclining chair cars, (free), the latest improved Pullman Palace sleeping cars and the world renowned C. B. & Q. dining cars, which serve all meals en route.

This entire train is lighted and runs through solid to Chicago.

This train also has through reclining chair car (free) and elegant Pullman Sleeping car through without change to St. Louis via St. Joe. For further information as to time, rates of fare, etc., call on your local ticket agent or to the undersigned.

J. FRANCIS, Gen. P. & T. Agent.
GEO. H. CROSBY, General Agent, Colorado, 1.00 Larimer St.
L. C. BLAKESLEE, Travelling Pass. Agent, Denver.
1-28-1m

CHRISTMAS.

If ever so humble, it is no place without a few flowers and with holly and mistletoe, and a few pot plants which can be bought cheap at Wm. Cook's, the best place to leave your order for cut flowers. 218 E. Platteville.

Handsome Velvet and Velvet Slippers at McCurdy's for $1.25. m-19-tf

Don't fail to call at Frank W. Lott's and see the silk Umbrellas. Wholesale and Retail. Very low for cash. m-12-15

THE DE LA VERGNE FURNITURE COMPANY HAVE A FINE LINE OF HANDSOME BOOK CASES WHICH ARE TO BE SOLD AT VERY LOW PRICES. CALL AND SEE THEM. 120-122 S. TEJON ST., OPPOSITE ALAMO HOTEL. m-19-tf

"Oh! dem Slippers," cheap, at McCurdy's. m-19-tf

Half rates to all points on D. & R. G. Dec. 20th, 21st, 31st and January 1st. Tickets good to return to and including January 3d. m-21-6

Ericson & Gough are making 50 pounds of clear toys and candy canes. m-22-2

LOOK! LOOK! LOOK!

Rogers Bros best triple plated knives, only $1.50 set, at M. F. Warner's, 9 N. Tejon St. 1

BANANA LINE.

Free reclining chair cars are run via "Santa Fe Route" between Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo, Topeka, Kansas City, Ft. Madison, Galesburg and Chicago. Two trains daily between all eastern and western points. Fast time to San Diego, Los Angeles and San Francisco. Pullman Tourist cars for all California points. Short Line to City of Mexico. Round trip tickets on sale at reduced rates to all principal Texas, Pacific and Gulf Coast points, also City of Mexico. Direct line to the celebrated Las Vegas Hot Springs, New Mexico.

Colorado Headquarters for this popular line, 1701 Larimer St., Denver, Colo. Ticket office, Colorado Springs, in OPERA HOUSE BLOCK. 1-25-m-31

Finest and most extensive line of Fall Slippers and Carriage boots in the city at McCurdy's. m-18-tf

The best complete wrought steel range in the market at the little hardware store around the corner, 107 E. Huerfano. m-19-m-31

Hall Trees and Chairs, handsome designs, new goods just arrived. The De La Vergne Furniture Co., 120 S. Tejon St., opposite Alamo Hotel. m-19-tf

Two hundred and ninety dollars, buys an honest, well made, durable upright Piano, at Aiken's, 107 Pike's Peak ave. m-15-6

Electrical Goods, Iron Goods, Wire Flower Stands, etc., and General repair shop. Hassell & Jeanne, 22 E. Huerfano St., Colorado Springs. 1-5-tf

NEW GOODS, NEW STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES this also at McCurdy's. Call in and see the new goods and get our prices. m-13-tf

Order books for Maitland and Francesville coal, at H. Hillhouse, 109 N. Tejon; Baxter's news stand, 1st floor south of Postoffice.
UNION ICE & COAL CO.
Telephone 31. h-30-tf

Best stock of Sterling silver ware at Lott's. m 12-15

SUNSHINE COAL.

The best coal for domestic use, for grate, furnace and range it is unequaled. Lump and egg size furnished in any quantity.
C. R. CRITCHELL,
Telephone 50. 112 Pike's Peak.
k-3-tf

SPECTACLES fitted accurately at Ashby's.

Opera -:- House!

Monday, Dec. 23.

The Popular English Tragedienne,

SOPHIE EYRE,

Supported by Mr. Charles Edwards and her own Company, in H. Wayne Hills' adaptation from the German, Fitzey's romantic drama, entitled

The Witch

POPULAR PRICES.

Reserved seats now on sale at the Midland Ticket office. m-20-td

Last Winkler Matinee.

Friday, Dec. 27, 2.30 P. M.

WEBER HALL.

Beethoven,	Trio Op 70
Mendelssohn	Trio Op 49
	Overture, Hebrides
Songs	Beethoven, Mignon
	Bach, My Heart Ever Faithful
	Moskowski, Tarantelle
Piano	Davidoff, Silhouette
Cello	Laub, Polonaise
Violin	

ADMISSION ... 75c
m 22-d

W. H. McIntyre.

Real Estate & Insurance

Notary Public
AND
COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS
FOR NEW YORK

Money to Loan At 8 and 10 per cent, according to Security. Time, location

Buy and Sell Real Estate

ON COMMISSION.

Choice Properties in All Parts of the City.

Fire Insurance. Plate Glass Insurance.
Life Insurance. Accident Insurance.

Insurance Assets represented $130,000,000 being the oldest and largest companies in the country, as follows

	Assets
Insurance Co. of North America, Philadelphia	$8,822,[illegible]
Hartford of Hartford	3,[illegible]
Phoenix, of Hartford	[illegible]
Continental, of New York	[illegible]
Pennsylvania, of Philadelphia	[illegible]
Germania, of New York	[illegible]
American, of Newark, N. J.	[illegible]
Queen, of Hartford	1,1[illegible]
California, of San Francisco	1,313,[illegible]
Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York	13,[illegible]
Pacific Mutual Accident Insurance Co., of San Francisco	[illegible]
Fidelity Casualty Co. of New York	[illegible]

All Losses Promptly Settled.

Careful and prompt attention given to collections of rent, interest, etc., and do a general real estate business.

Opera House Block, Colorado Springs.
a-4-ly

Chicago Store.

KIOWA STREET WEST OF TEJON STREET

At Prices that Will Beat Them All.

Toys, Stamped Goods, Notions, Fancy Goods and useful articles suitable for the Holidays.

Millinery at Cost---Open Evenings.

P. ERICKSON.
-D-H-tf

No. 9 North Tejon St. **MATTHEW KENNEDY,** No. 9 North Tejon St.

Real Estate -:- Insurance -:- Loans -:- Collections

AGENT FOR AUSTIN BLUFF LOTS. The finest suburban residence location—combining view of mountain and plain—in the city. Beautiful parks, overgrown with large pine trees, unequalled as a health location, pure air, pure water, no smoke, no dust, plenty of sunshine. Lots in this beautiful suburb are large size, from one to four acres, being thus well adapted for fine residences. Only twenty minutes drive from center of our city. A motor line is already projected and will no doubt be built this summer, so that Do not fail to examine this locality before purchasing. Carriage always in attendance to show property.

ALSO AGENT for the most desirable lots in Boulder Heights Addition. We handle only first class properties and can guarantee satisfaction in every case. Buy only the best. If it does not pay you to invest in a desirable locality it certainly will not pay you to invest at all. Choice properties, improved and unimproved, in all parts of the city.

Choice Lots for Sale in the North End Additions.

LOTS ON CASCADE AVENUE from $250 upward. The Street Car Line is now extended to these additions, and parties looking for low priced homes on the main avenue of our city should examine these properties at once.

$25,000--To Loan on Approved Security at Eight Per Cent.--$25,000

FIRE! FIRE! FIRE!

Protect yourself against any shock from the sound of the "Fire Alarm!" by calling at No. 9 North Tejon Street and getting your Property INSURED. Low Rates and First-Class Companies only represented. All Losses promptly and fairly adjusted.

FOR RENT—Unfurnished.

[illegible] North Tejon street, near Argyle Park. 50

House eight rooms, North Weber street, newly papered throughout, furnace heat, large closets, halls, closets complete. Also good barn and carriage house.

Three rooms to let. East Rhode st. $16 Six rooms North Tejon street. 6

Six room house No. 325 South Cascade avenue, $30

Five room cottage, Cheyenne ave., near Weber Street. Also good barn. 25

Six room house in good condition, corner Colorado and Cheyenne. Seven room house with barn, E. Harrison Street. 30

FURNISHED.

Very desirable 11 room house, North Weber Street. This house is almost new, never has been occupied, and is in first class condition. Corner lot, south and west front.

Very desirable house, 9 rooms, bath, etc., corner lot, North Nevada avenue, fully furnished, also good barn and other out buildings.

New 5 room house, North Weber Street, corner lot, south and west front. Very desirable.

House of 2 large rooms, furnished. 15

FOR SALE

Very Desirable Corner lot 100x100, corner Cheyenne and Cascade. $[illegible] each.

FOR SALE.

Good 5 Room House, Corner lot, Colorado st., $2,000; one-half cash, balance on time.

3 Room House, South Cascade, $1,100.

Two room house, lot 50x100, Rio Grande st., $400.

Good 5 room house, cellar, etc., S. Nevada ave. Full lot, $1400.

New House 4 Rooms, lot, North Nevada ave., Weber street in good condition $1250.

FOR SALE.

Brick house 8 room, bath room, etc. Lot 50x142, convenient to Pike's Peak Ave.

Over 1 the finest Residences North Nevada ave., Price $[illegible]

Two Cottages, North Nevada. Price [illegible]

Double house, North Cascade ave., in all 12 rooms, newly and modern in style. This property can be sold at a price that will easily pay 12 per cent on the investment.

Seven room house, North Nevada ave. Price moderate.

The finest 70 feet by [illegible] Cascade avenue south of Pike's Peak.

The most desirable [illegible] Boulder Heights.

Desirable corner lot, [illegible] large size, with 8 room house. [illegible] and all modern improvements. Very desirable house, North Nevada avenue. Seven large alcoves, 2 parlors, [illegible] bath rooms, open fires, [illegible] can be sold either furnished or unfurnished. Seven room house, South [illegible] the Park. This is one of the best [illegible] corner lots [illegible]

Call at my Office for Location, Prices, etc. We will cheerfully Show you Property.

MATTHEW KENNEDY, Real Estate Dealer, - No. 9 North Tejon Street.

JEWELRY, DIAMONDS, WATCHES, ETC. AT COST

TO CLOSE OUT ENTIRE STOCK.

A. G. EARLE.

We are Still at the Front!

WITH

The Largest Assortment,
The Finest Goods,
And the Lowest Prices

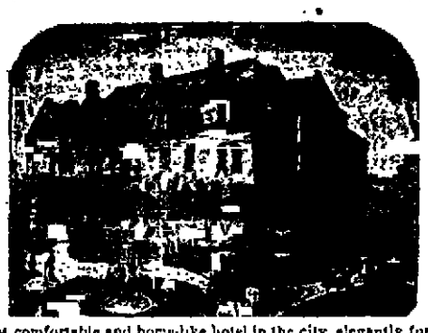
Of any house in the city. Don't buy until you look through our line. We have Albums in all colors, styles and prices. Toilet Cases, Jewel Cases, Manicure Sets, Cuff and Collar Boxes, Glove and Handkerchief Sets, Cigar Cases, Leather Goods, Printing Presses, Magic Lanterns, Toys in endless variety, etc. We can surely please you in Books, both for old and young.

THE NOVELTY

27½ South Tejon Street,

(Two Doors North of the Gazette Office) 1-24-tf

ALVARADO — FIRST-CLASS CITY



The most comfortable and home-like hotel in the city, elegantly furnished and complete with all the modern conveniences, such as hot and cold water, baths, steam heat, gas and electric lights.

Situated in the best residence portion, free from noise and dust. Broad sunny verandas surround the house, and the large beautiful parlors are luxuriously furnished. The manager has catered to the public for the past twelve years in this city, and will spare no pains to make guests comfortable. The rooms are now being engaged for the winter, rates according to location of room. Table unexcelled.

Single Meals, 75c; Table Board, $8.00 per week; By the day from $2.50 to $3.00.

MRS. H. H. STEVENS, Manager.

RUBBER TYPE.

Price Markers
And Stamps of any Description Made to Order.
JOHN A. McCRAGUE,
m-4-tf Gazette Office.

JOHN POTTER

13 1-2 S. Tejon St.

Real -:- Estate!

INSURANCE!

MONEY TO LOAN!

SPECIAL RATES!

By the Week or Month to Parties Coming to Colorado for the Winter.

For information address Lakeview Terrace, Green Mountain Falls, the famous winter, as well as summer, resort. 1-17-2m

H. S. ERVAY. ROBT. A. WEIR.

H. S. Ervay & Co.

No. 3 N. Tejon St.

Real Estate!

—AND—

INSURANCE.

Ervay's Addition lots cheap and payments easy.

Team ready to show property at any time.

If you have property for sale or to rent it will pay you to list it with us.

Property for sale and to let in all parts of the city.

A BARGAIN—$6,500, partly cash, will buy five houses and lots in south part of city, paying 15 per cent on investment. m-13-tf

EDWARD FERRIS, REAL ESTATE, LOANS AND INVESTMENTS

Improved Properties.

No. 3. Lot 100 ft x 190, Pike's Peak ave., 2 story frame, 7 rooms, small barn.

No. 4. Lot 25 ft x 140, first class residence property on Tejon st., well [illegible] city, a bargain; pays 12½ per cent on cost. Price [illegible]

No. 5. Lot 50 ft x 104, south end, 1 story frame, 4 rooms, garden and fruit, small barn. Price [illegible]

No. 10. Lot 50 ft x 142, one 1 room brick, south end. Easy terms. Price 1200

No. 16. Lot 50 ft x 142, one 1 and one 3 room frame; will pay 18 per cent. 2700

No. 17. Lot 125 ft x 180, Cascade ave., four 3 room houses suitable for boarding houses.

No. 27. 7 room stone house, center of city; cheap.

No. 42. Lot 50 x 135, 1 story frame, 3 rooms, south end. Price 1000

No. 55. Lot 50 x 140, 1 story 3 room frame, lawn, trees, etc., central, in first class order. Price 800

No. 58. Lot 50 x 140, 1 story frame, 4 rooms, barn, etc., partly furnished, Kiowa street. 3000

No. 67. Lot 50 x 190, 3 stores and dwellings, Low, in Roswell City. This property at a great bargain.

No. 71. Lot 50 x 110, 1½ story frame, 7 rooms, bath room, hot and cold water, shrubbery, etc.

No. 79. First class business property on Pike's Peak ave., near Tejon st.

No. 83. Lot 50 x 190, 1 story, 3 room frame, brick cellar, barn, shade trees, etc. Cheap.

No. 89. Lot 25 x 120, good business property on Tejon street.

No. 101. Lot 50 x 190, North Tejon, new modern built, 7 room frame house, bath, electric light and all modern conveniences.

No. 112. Lot 50 x 190, 2 story, 7 room frame, and all modern improvements, North Nevada ave., choice location.

No. 121. Lot 75 x 190, 1½ story, 6 room frame house, south end. Cheap.

No. 130. Lot 50 x 190, large handsome house 10 rooms furnished, all modern improvements. North Weber st.

No. 139. Lot 50 x 190, 1½ story, 6 room frame new, all modern conveniences, north end. Cheap.

No. 140. Lot 50 x 190, 1 story, 6 room frame, South Nevada ave. Cheap.

No. 142. Lot 50 x 190, new 8 room frame, 2 story, stone cellar, modern built, West Colorado Springs.

No. 144. Lot 50 x 190, nice 6 room frame, good closets, and pantry, East Kiowa st. A bargain.

No. 161. Lot 100 x 190, 1 block of Manitou house now yielding 25 per cent to the owner; will sell at a bargain.

No. 165. Business block in Colorado City, will pay 15 per cent on purchase price.

No. 169. Lot 50 x 140, 1 story frame, 3 rooms and kitchen, barn and other out buildings.

No. 118. Forty acres on the north side of Cheyenne Boulevard, a desirable for Dairying, the first half of which is divided into lots, 140 feet deep, as platted in Addition No. 1 to the Town of Broadmoor. Also 20 acres adjoining the same, available for like purposes, with water under irrigating ditch and 10 shares of stock in the ditch, belonging to the Broadmoor Water Company.

Ranches.

No. 19. Choice ranch of 160 acres, 3 miles from Fountain, good [illegible] all in wire, right on large Ditch, 2nd class building land.

No. 41. Five ranches, 160 acres each, 4 miles from Fountain, good [illegible] all fine soil, potato land, good houses, abundance of water, [illegible] in crops, all the houses and [illegible] a bargain.

No. 52. Nice ranch, 320 acres, near Rush, 40 under ditch, half good farming land, balance pasture and timber, fence, fine spring, good [illegible], etc.

No. 54. Nice ranch, near Calhan, 160 acres on line of Colorado Midland Railway. Cheap.

Pueblo Property.

No. 91. One of the finest business blocks in Santa Fe avenue, now rented for between $[illegible] and $[illegible] a year, and rapidly increasing in value.

No. 93. Five story brick business building, Santa Fe ave., in the heart of business, pays 12½ per cent now and rapidly increasing in value.

No. 103. One of the best properties on Main st., the coming business street of Pueblo, near the Grand Opera House. [illegible] improvements to be made in that city.

No. 115. Beautiful lot opposite Court House, large 11 room house, hot and cold water, private sewerage, and every modern convenience, for sale now for $[illegible] and he will sell cheap, easy terms.

No. 136. Fine business block on Fourth street, between Main and South Jerome, Capital location for a wholesale house, a bargain.

No. 137. Valuable farm property in Pueblo County, rapid improvements, will double in a year.

Special.

We offer for sale the entire plat of the Levander Addition to Colorado Springs. This ten [illegible] acres is located on the Cheyenne Boulevard, a desirable location for a [illegible] near this city. There will be entirely new line of roads as soon as the property [illegible] a year or two. It has already a supply of fine hydrant and irrigating water, and is surely destined to be a valuable suburban residence addition. Call early, there are only [illegible] lots left.

Unable to sell the entire property [illegible] lot, or will sell it by lots, as the purchaser may wish.

MONEY -:- TO -:- LOAN

Edward Ferris,

REAL ESTATE,

Loans and Investments,

No. 104 Pike's Peak Avenue.

Business done in the four principal cities of Colorado—Denver, Pueblo, Colorado Springs and Trinidad.

MONEY -:- TO -:- LOAN!

LOTS FOR SALE IN

Boulder Heights, Roswell City.
North End Addition. Cahn's Addition,
West Colorado Springs, Colorado City.
Pike's Peak Addition. Parrish's Addition.

Agent for Eastern Capitalists.

PROF. ROSENTHAL,

OPTICIAN

Sensible, Scientific, Natural,
Permanent, Simple and Practical.

These are the methods of my practice and the reasons of my success.

23½ North Tejon Street. 1-20-tf

N. B.—Call and see the line of Opera and Gundred Novelties for the Holidays.

CHAS. L. TUTT & CO.,

NO. 102 NORTH TEJON STREET.

REAL ESTATE AGENTS!

Colorado Springs and Pueblo properties for sale. Rents collected. Money to loan. Insurance written in the best companies. 1-14-1m

COLORADO SPRINGS GARDEN RANCH!

Templeton's Gap.

Pure Bred Holstein-Friesian Cattle---Pure Bred Jersey.

Amsterdam Belle's Mahomet 2359, H-F H. B., Advanced Registry. Ace 13,983, A. J. C. C., Stoke Pogis-Sister.

Terms $25.

Grade Up Your Herd!

Every calf from either of the above will contain fifty per cent of their blood. A high grade milch cow costs no more to keep than a scrub.

If booked before Feb. 1st a limited number will be served free by Irenes Stoke-Pogis (Jersey.)

TROTTING-BRED STALLION,

Bashaw Jr.'s Sir John--Terms $25.

Breed Only from the Best!

Send for Pedigrees - - Visitors Welcome.

Office 106 Pike's Peak Avenue.

No. 104 Pike's Peak Avenue.

Merrill & Denton,

106 Pike's Peak Ave.,

OFFER LOTS IN

Boulder Heights Addition No. 1,

For a Few Days Longer at Former Prices.

These lots are on the proposed line of the Electric Street Railway. Only a few for sale, the greater portion have been taken off the market. These prices defy competition. Call early, there lots are going quick. Also lots in

Boulder Heights, Highlands, Institute Heights

AT LOWEST PRICES.

SEAVEY'S ADDITION is now coming to the front. Lots for sale $[illegible] to $[illegible]

We have the best lots at Lowest Prices in all parts of the city and can satisfy any customer. Central office for

Boulder Heights Addition No. 1, North End Addition, Seavey's Addition, North Colo. Springs, Grand View Add., Etc.

Lots in Mayfair, Edwards Addition, Rock Island Addition, Cahn's Addition. We have Improved Properties too numerous to mention. Insurance at lowest rates. Money to loan at 7 and 8 per cent.

WILBUR & WOLF

No. 22 South Tejon Street.

For the Holidays we will Offer Special Prices on

SILKS AND DRESS GOODS.

In Dress Goods we have a line of 46 inche [illegible] including All Wool Eramine Cloths at [illegible] Stripes and Plaids.

Remember we are giving 15 to 25 per cent Discount on all Cloaks and Wraps, and have no old goods to show.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF

Toys, Dolls and Fancy Goods in the City.

Beginning Wednesday, December 11th our store will be open evenings. Respectfully,

WILBUR & WOLF

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